THE COLUMBIAN.
COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, STAR OF THE NORTH AND COLUMBIAN CONSOLIDATED.)
Issued weekly, every Friday morning, at
BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.
Two dollars per year, 50 cents discount allowed when paid in advance. After the expiration of the year $2.50 will be charged. To subscribers out of the county the terms are $2 per year, strictly in advance. No paper discontinued, except at the option of the publishers, until all arrearages are paid, but long credit will not be given.
All papers sent out of the State or to distant post offices must be paid for in advance, unless a responsible person in Columbia county assumes to pay the subscription due on demand.
There is no longer exacted from subscribers in the county.
JOB PRINTING.
The Job Printing department of the COLUMBIAN is very complete, and our Job Printing will compare favorably with that of the large cities. All work done on demand, neatly and at moderate prices.

The Columbian.

C. B. BROCKWAY, } Editors and Proprietors.
G. E. ELWELL, }
BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, APRIL 18, 1879.
THE COLUMBIAN, VOL. XIII, NO 16
COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, VOL. XLIV, NO. 8

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

SPACE.	1M.	3M.	6M.	1Y.
One inch	$2.00	$3.50	$5.00	$8.00
Two inches	3.00	4.00	8.00	12.00
Three inches	4.50	4.50	7.00	12.00
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Half column	10.00	12.00	15.00	27.00
One column	20.00	25.00	30.00	50.00

Yearly advertisements payable quarterly. Transient advertisements must be paid for before inserted except where parties have accounts.
Legal advertisements two dollars per inch for three insertions, and at that rate for additional insertions without reference to length.
Executors, Administrator's and Auditor's notices three dollars. Must be paid for when inserted.
Business or Local notices, twenty cents a line. Special advertisements half rates.
Cards in the "Business Directory" column, one dollar per year for each line.

Columbia County Official Directory.

President Judge—William Elwell.
Associate Judges—I. K. Ent kalsaum, F. L. Shuman.
Prothonotary, &c.—William Knickbaum.
Court Stenographer—S. N. Walker.
Register & Recorder—Williamson H. Jacoby.
District Attorney—Robert E. Little.
Sheriff—Jonathan S. Hoffman.
Treasurer—Samuel Shoemaker.
Clerk to Commissioners—H. A. Shoemaker.
Commissioners—Stephen Polie, Charles Richart, A. B. Herring.
Commissioners' Clerk—I. B. Casey.
Auditors—S. H. Smith, W. Manning, C. B. Seesholtz.
County Commissioners—Sil Robbins, Theodore W. Smith.
County Superintendent—William H. Snyder.
Second Road District—Directors—R. S. Ent, Scott, Wm. Kramer, Bloomsburg and Thomas Reece, Scott.

Bloomsburg Official Directory.

President of Town Council—G. A. Herring.
Clerk—Paul E. Wirt.
Chief of Police—Jas. C. Sterner.
Treasurer of Gas Company—S. Knorr.
Secretary—C. W. Miller.
Directors Banking Company—John A. Funston, President; H. H. Gross, Cashier; John Peacock, Teller.
First National Bank—Charles H. Paxton, President; J. P. Smith, Cashier.
Directors Columbia County Mutual Saving Fund and Loan Association—C. H. Little, President; C. W. Miller, Secretary.
Directors Building and Saving Fund Association—Wm. Manning, President; J. H. Hodgson, Secretary.
Directors Bloomsburg Mutual Saving Fund Association—J. Ikeler, President; P. E. Wirt, Secretary.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

BAPTIST CHURCH.
Rev. J. P. Tustin, (Supply.)
Sunday services—10½ a. m. and 6½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Every Wednesday evening at 6½ o'clock.
Seats free. The public are invited to attend.
ST. MATTHEW'S LUTHERAN CHURCH.
Minister—Rev. A. B. S. Manday.
Sunday services—10½ a. m. and 7½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Every Wednesday evening at 7½ o'clock.
Seats free. No pews rented. All are welcome.
PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.
Minister—Rev. Stuart Mitchell.
Sunday services—10½ a. m. and 6½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Every Wednesday evening at 6½ o'clock.
Seats free. No pews rented. Strangers welcome.
METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.
Presiding Elder—Rev. W. Evans.
Minister—Rev. M. L. Sandt.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 6½ p. m.
Sunday School—2 p. m.
Bible Class—Every Monday evening at 6½ o'clock.
Young Men's Prayer Meeting—Every Tuesday evening at 6½ o'clock.
General Prayer Meeting—Every Thursday evening 7 o'clock.
REFORMED CHURCH.
Corner of Third and Iron Streets.
Pastor—Rev. W. E. Krebs.
Residence—Corner 4th and Catharine streets.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 7 p. m.
Sunday School—2 p. m.
Prayer Meeting—Saturday, 7 p. m.
All are invited. There is always room.
ST. PAUL'S CHURCH.
Rector—Rev L. Zahner.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m., 7½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Third Sunday in the month, Holy Communion.
Services preparatory to Communion on Friday evening before the 1st Sunday in each month.
Pews rented; but everybody welcome.
EVANGELICAL CHURCH.
Presiding Elder—Rev. A. L. Bonar
Minister—Rev. George Hunter.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. In the Iron Street Church.
Prayer Meeting—Every Sabbath at 2 p. m.
All are invited. All are welcome.
THE CHURCH OF CHRIST.
Meets in "the Hope Brick Church on the hill."—known as the Welsh Baptist Church—on Rock street east of Iron.
Regular meeting for worship, every Lord's day afternoon at 3 o'clock.
Seats free; and the public are cordially invited to attend.

SCHOOL ORDERS, blank, just printed and for sale by the COLUMBIAN Office.

BLANK DEEDS, on Parchment and Linen Paper, common and for Administrators, Executors and Trustees, for sale cheap at the COLUMBIAN Office.

MARRIAGE CERTIFICATES just printed and for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office. Ministers and the Clergy and Justices should supply themselves with these necessary articles.

JUSTICES and Constables' Fee Bills for sale at the COLUMBIAN office. They contain the rates allowed and established by the last Act of the Legislature upon that subject. Every Justice and Constable should have one.

VENDUE NOTES just printed and for sale cheap at the COLUMBIAN office.

BLOOMSBURG DIRECTORY.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

C. G. BARKLEY, Attorney-at-Law, Office in Brower's building, 2nd story, Rooms 4 & 5

J. B. ROBISON, Attorney-at-Law, Office in Hartman's building, Main street.

SAMUEL KNORR, Attorney-at-Law, Office in Hartman's building, Main street.

DR. WM. M. REBER, Surgeon and Physician, Office Market street. Above 5th East side.

J. E. EVANS, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, Office and Residence on Third street.

J. B. McKELVY, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, north side Main street, below Market.

DR. J. C. RUTTER,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
Office, North Market street,
Mar. 27, '74—
Bloomsburg, Pa.

DR. I. L. BABB,
PRACTICAL DENTIST,
Main street, opposite Episcopal Church, Bloomsburg, Pa.
☞ Teeth extracted without pain.
aug 28, '77-1y.

W. HOWELL,
DENTIST.
Office in Hartman's Block, second floor, corner Main and Market Streets,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
May 26—1y.

MISCELLANEOUS.

C. M. DRINKER, GUN and LOCKSMITH Sewing Machines and Machinery of all kinds repaired. OPERA House Building, Bloomsburg, Pa.

DAVID LOWENBERG, Merchant Tailor Main St., above Central Hotel.

I. S. KUHN, dealer in Meat, Tallow, etc., centre street, between Second and Third.

H. ROSENSTOCK, Photographer, over Clark & Wolf's Store, Main street.

AUGUSTUS FREUND, Practical homeopathic Horse and Cow Doctor, Bloomsburg, Pa. feb. 14, '79-1

W. Y. KESTER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
Room No. 15, OPERA HOUSE BUILDING, Bloomsburg.
apr18,1878.

BRITISH AMERICA ASSURANCE CO
NATIONAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
The assets of these old corporations are all invested in SOLID SECURITIES and are liable to the hazard of Fire only.
Moderate lines on the best risks are alone accepted.
Losses PROMPTLY and HONESTLY adjusted and paid as soon as determined by CORNELIUS F. KNAPP, Special Agent and Adjuster, Bloomsburg, Pa.
The friends of Columbia county should patronize the agency where losses, if any, are adjusted and paid by one of their own citizens. nov. 16, '77-1y

FREAS BROWN'S INSURANCE AGENCY, Exchange Hotel, Bloomsburg, Pa.

	Capital.
Aetna Ins. Co., of Hartford, Connecticut	6,500,000
Liverpool, London and Globe	30,000,000
Royal of Liverpool	12,000,000
Insurance	10,000, 00
Fire Association, Philadelphia	3,500,000
Farmers Mutual of Danville	1,500,000
Danville Mutual	75,000
Home, New York	5,000,000
	$80,675,000

As the agencies are direct, policies are written for the insured without any delay in the office at Bloomsburg.
March 28, '77—y

B. F. HARTMAN
REPRESENTS THE FOLLOWING
AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANIES:
Agency of Merchants' Pennsylvania.
North American of Philadelphia, Pa
Franklin, of " "
Fire Association of "
Delaware of York, Pa.
Hanover of New York.
Manhattan of "
Office on Market Street No. 6, Bloomsburg, Pa,
oct. 26, 77-1y.

LAWYERS.

L. E. WALLER,
Attorney-at-Law.
Increase of Pensions obtained, Collections made.
Office, Second door from 1st National Bank.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
jan. 11, 1878

N. U. FUNK,
Attorney-at-Law,
Increase of Pensions Obtained, Collections Made.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in Ent's Building.

BROCKWAY & ELWELL,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
COLUMBIAN Building, Bloomsburg, Pa.
Members of the United States Law Association.
Collections made in any part of America or Europe

C. E. & W. J. BUCKALEW,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office on Main Street, first door below Court House

JOHN M. CLARK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office over Schuyler's Hardware Store.

F. P. BILLMEYER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
OFFICE—In Barman's Building, Main street, Bloomsburg, Pa.

H. LITTLE. ROBT. E. LITTLE.
E. H. & R. E. LITTLE,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office in Brower's building, second floor, room No. 1, Bloomsburg, Pa.

HERVEY E. SMITH,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office in A. J. EVAN'S NEW BUILDING,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Member of Commercial Law and Bank Collection Association. Oct. 14, '77-tf

B. FRANK ZARR,
Attorney at Law
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in USAGENTS' BUILDING, on Main street second door above Centre.
Can be consulted in German.
Jan. 19, 79-1y

CATAWISSA.

WM. I. EVERLY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Catawissa, Pa.
Collections promptly made and remitted. Office opposite Catawissa Deposit Bank. 6m-38

W. H. ABBOTT. W. H. RHAWN.
ABBOTT & RHAWN,
Attorneys-at-Law.
CATAWISSA, PA.
Pensions obtained.
dec 21, 77-1y

BLOOMSBURG TANNERY.

G. A. HERRING

RESPECTFULLY announces to the public that he has reopened

SNYDER'S TANNERY,

old stand Bloomsburg, Pa., at the Forks of the Esquehanna Right where all descriptions of leather will be made in the most substantial and workmanlike manner, and sold at prices to suit the times. The highest place in cash will at all times be paid for

GREEN HIDES

of every description in the country. The public patronage is respectfully solicited.
Bloomsburg, Oct. 1, 1875.

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY!
GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE

TRADE MARK. TRADE MARK.

Is concededly recommended as an unfailing cure for seminal weakness, spermatorrhœa, impotency, and all diseases of the sexual system, such as Loss of memory, Universal Lassitude, Pain in the Back, Dimness of Vision, Premature Old Age, and many other diseases that lead to Insanity, Consumption and a Premature Grave, all of which as a rule are first caused by deviating from the path of nature and over indulgence. The Specific Medicine is the result of a life study and many years of experience in treating these special diseases.
Before Taking. After Taking.
Full particulars in our pamphlets, which we desire to send free by mail to every one.
The Specific Medicine is sold by all Druggists at $1 per package, or six packages for $5, or will be sent by mail on receipt of the money by addressing
THE GRAY MEDICINE CO.,
No. 10, Mechanic's Block, Detroit, Mich.
Sold in Bloomsburg by C. A. Klein, and by all Druggists everywhere.
Harris & Ewing, Wholesale Agents, Pittsburg.
sept. 6, '78-1f

Dauchy & Co's. Advt's.

$8 to $200 returns in 30 days on $100 invested. Official report of every regular option and information FREE. Like profits weekly on stock options of $10 to $50. Address T. POTTER WRIGHT & CO., BANKERS, 35 Wall st., N. Y. d March 28, '79-4w

NEW RICH BLOOD!
Person's Purgative Pills make New Rich Blood and will completely change the blood in the entire system in three months. Any person who will take 1 pill each night from 1 to 12 weeks may be restored to sound health if such a thing be possible. Sent by mail for 25 cents stamps.
S. M. Johnson & Co. Bangor, Maine
March 28, '79-4w d

Reader! Before Buying a
PIANO or ORGAN
Do not fail to send for my latest 36 page illustrated Newspaper with much valuable information FREE. NEW PIANOS, $125, $135 and upwards. NEW ORGANS, $65 to $105. BE SURE to write me before buying elsewhere. FEMALE or IMITATORS. Address
DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington, N. J.
April 11, '79-4w d

AGENTS WANTED—For the best and fastest selling Pictorial Books and Bibles. Prices reduced 33 per cent. NATIONAL PUBLISHING Co. Philadelphia, Pa. d April 11, '79-4w

10 TO $1000 Invested in Wall Street every month. Book sent free explaining everything. Address BAXTER & CO., BANKERS, 17 Wall street, New York. d april 11'79-4w

AGENTS WANTED for Smith's Bible Dictionary and HOLMAN'S NEW PICTORIAL BIBLES Prices reduced. Circulars free. A. J. HOLMAN & CO., Philadelphia. d April 11, '79-4w

BENSON'S CAPCINE POROUS PLASTER.
There is no doubt about the great superiority of this article over common porous plasters and other external remedies, such as Belladonna, electrical appliances, &c. Ask Physicians in your own locality about it. It is wonderful. Sold by druggists. Price 25 cents. d apr. 11, '79-4w

KANSAS FARMS AND FREE HOMES.
HOW TO GET THEM is in the last part of the sixty-page pamphlet, "Kansas Pacific Homesteads," issued Land Commissioner, Salina, Kansas.
April 11, '79-4w d

H. T. HELMBOLD'S

COMPOUND

FLUID EXTRACT

BUCHU.

PHARMACEUTICAL

A SPECIFIC REMEDY FOR ALL

DISEASES
OF THE
BLADDER & KIDNEYS

For Debility, Loss of Memory, Indisposition to Exertion or Business, Shortness of Breath, Troubled with Thoughts of Disease, Dimness of Vision, Pain in the Back, Chest and Head, Rush of Blood to the Head, Pale Countenance and dry skin.

If these symptoms are allowed to go on, very frequently Epileptic Fits and Consumption follow. When the constitution becomes affected it requires the aid of an invigorating medicine to strengthen and tone up the system—which

"Helmbold's Buchu"

DOES IN EVERY CASE.

HELMBOLD'S BUCHU
IS UNEQUALED

By any remedy known. It is prescribed by the most eminent physicians all over the world, in

Rheumatism,
Spermatorhœa,
Neuralgia,
Nervousness,
Dyspepsia,
Indigestion,
Constipation,
Aches and Pains,
General Debility,
Kidney Diseases,
Liver Complaint,
Nervous Debility,
Epilepsy,
Head Troubles,
Paralysis,
General Ill-Health,
Spinal Diseases,
Sciatica,
Deafness,
Decline,
Lumbago,
Catarrh,
Nervous Complaints,
Female Complaints, &c.

Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Cough, Dizziness, Sour Stomach, Eruptions, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the region of the Kidneys, and a thousand other painful symptoms are the offsprings of dyspepsia.

HELMBOLD'S BUCHU
Invigorates the Stomach.

And stimulates the torpid Liver, Bowels and Kidneys to healthy action, in cleansing the blood of all impurities, and imparting new life and vigor to the whole system.

A single trial will be quite sufficient to convince the most hesitating of its valuable remedial qualities.

PRICE $1 PER BOTTLE,
Or Six Bottles for $5.

Delivered to any address free from observation.

"Patients" may consult by letter receiving the same attention as by calling, by answering the following questions:

1. Give your name and post-office address, county and State, and your nearest express office?
2. Your age and sex?
3. Occupation?
4. Married or single?
5. Height, weight, now and in health?
6. How long have you been sick?
7. Your complexion, color of hair and eyes?
8. Have you a stooping or erect gait?
9. Relate without reservation all you know about your case. Enclose one dollar as consultation fee. Your letter will then receive our attention, and we will give you the nature of your disease and our candid opinion concerning a cure.

Competent physicians attend to correspondents. All letters should be addressed to Dispensatory, 1217, Filbert street, Philadelphia Pa.

H. T. HELMBOLD,
Druggist and Chemist,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

SOLD EVERYWHERE
March 7, 1879-1y

Poetical.

A SONG OF EASTER.

BY CELIA THAXTER.

Sing, children, sing!
And the lily censers swing;
Sing, that life and joy are waking and that
Death no more is king.
Sing the happy, happy tumult of the slowly brightening Spring;
Sing, little children, sing!

Sing, children, sing!
Winter wild has taken wing,
Fill the air with the sweet tidings till the frosty echoes ring!
Along the eaves the icicles no longer glitter
ing cling;
And the crocus in the garden lifts its bright face to the sun,
And in the meadows softly the brooks begin to run;
And the golden catkins swing
In the warm airs of the Spring;
Sing, little children, sing!

Sing, children, sing!
The lilies white you bring
In the joyous Easter morning for hope are blossoming;
And as the earth her shroud of snow from off her breast doth fling,
So may we find release at last from sorrow and from pain.
So may we find our childhood's calm, delicious dawn again.
Sweet are your eyes, O little ones, that look with smiling grace,
Without a shade of doubt or fear into the Future's face!
Sing, sing in happy chorus, with joyful voices
ing!
That death is life, and God is good, and all things shall be well;
That bitter days shall cease
In warmth and light and peace,—
That Winter yields to Spring,—
Sing, little children, sing!

—*In St. Nicholas.*

Select Story.

THE BACHELOR'S SURPRISE.

A chill December evening with the rain and snow forming a disagreeable sort of conglomeration on the sidewalks, the gas lamps at the corner flickering sullenly through the mist, and the wind taking one viciously as one came around the corner. Not a pleasant evening to assume possession of a new home; but necessity knows no law, and Mr. Barkdale put his night-key into the red brick house in the middle of the block, sincerely hoping that his new landlady would have common sense to light a fire in the grate.

"Is it you, sir?" Mrs. Hinman quoth, beamingly. "There's a good fire, and it's all right."

"All right, eh?" said the bachelor, feeling the blue tip of his frostred nose to see whether it had escaped being frozen off entirely. "Well, I am glad to hear that. Have the trunks come?"

"Oh, yes, sir; and the other things?"

"What other things?" demanded Mr. Barkdale.

But Mrs. Hinman pursed her lips up. "I won't tell, sir, please."

"Rather an eccentric old lady," thought Mr. Barkdale, pushing past her to the third story front room, which he had solemnly engaged the day before.

It had been rather a dark and dingy little den by the light of the moon, but now, softened by the coral shine of a well-filled grate, it were quite another and a brighter aspect.

"Velvet paper on the walls, gilt paneling, red carpet, and Sleepy Hollow chair," thought Mr. Barkdale, glancing around. "Not so uncomfortable, after all. When I get my things unpacked it will seem quite homelike."

He set down his valise in the corner, deliberately opened it, took out a pair of slippers and invested his tired feet therein. Next he laid off his overcoat.

"Now for a cigar," thought he.

But the brown-layered weed was yet in his hand when there was a bustle, and a flutter, and a whisper, and a merry noise on the landing outside, and the door flew open, as if by magic, to admit half a dozen blooming, laughing girls.

Mr. Barkdale dropped his cigar and retreated a step or two.

"Don't be alarmed," said the tallest and the prettiest of the bevy; "it's only a surprise."

"A very agreeable one, I'm sure," said our friend, recovering in some degree his presence of mind.

"There's no mistake, I hope," said a yellow tressed blonde. "Your name is not Greenfield?"

"No mistake at all, I assure you," said Mr. Barkdale. "Of course it is not Greenfield. Sit down, ladies."

And he pushed forward the Sleepy Hollow chair, a camp-stool and two rheumatic reception-chairs, which were all the accommodations presented by his apartment.

But instead of accepting his courtesy the girls all fluttered out again, giggling, and in a second, before he could realize his strange condition of affairs, they were back again, bearing benches and a table cloth, dishes, baskets, a pyramid of macaroonies, piled-up plates of sandwiches, of frosted cake, and a mysterious something like unto an ice-cream freezer.

The golden-tressed girl clapped her hands.

"You needn't think we are doing this for you, sir," she said.

"Oh," said Mr. Barkdale, bashfully, "I—I hadn't any such impression."

"It's all a surprise designed for Kate's cousin."

"Is it?" said Mr. Barkdale, more in the dark than ever.

"And how do you suppose we found it all out?" demanded the tall girl with the black eyes and scarlet feathers in her hat.

"I haven't the least idea."

"We found your letter to Kate, and we girls read it, and we resolved to take both you and her by surprise. She is to be here in half an hour. Barbara—that is Barbara Morris in the blue merino dress,"with a turn of her long lashes toward the golden-haired girl—"pretends that she has moved here, and Kate is to come and spend the evening with Barbara. Won't it be a good joke?"

"Stupendous!" said our hero, gradually beginning to comprehend the fact that he was mistaken for some one else.

"What, will Kate say when she sees you here?" ejaculated another maid merrily.

"Ah! What, indeed?" said Mr. Barkdale wondering in what words he could best explain matters.

"Of course we shall look the other way while you are kissing and hugging her," said Miss Barbara demurely.

"Very considerate of you, I am sure," observed Mr. Barkdale.

"She's the sweetest girl in New York," exclaimed the tall damsel, enthusiastically. "I am one of her dearest friends. We work our sewing-machines side by side at Madame Grillard's. Hasn't she ever written to you about Alice Moore?"

"I—I don't just at this moment recall that she ever has."

"Oh, well, it doesn't matter," said Alice. "Just you sit down and be a good boy, while we fix the tables. Aren't those roses beautiful? My goodness gracious, how astonished Kate will be."

"She can't be more so than I am," said Mr. Barkdale, sinking into the Sleepy Hollow chair, and passing his handkerchief vaguely across his forehead. "Well, it's a mere matter of fate; I can't see how I am to explain myself; yet, perhaps I ought to explain—"

"Hush-sh-sh," cried the six pretty girls, all in a hissing chorus; "Kate's coming; Bessie has brought her. 'Hush-sh-sh! Don't say a word, Mr. Greenfield." The golden-haired girl's hand was clapped promptly over his mouth. Alice Moore grasped his arm spasmodically, and the other four danced a sort of bewitching little feminine war-dance about him, while a seventh girl entered—a pretty, Madonna-faced little creature like a dove.

"Come and kiss him, Kate," cried all the others. "Now, don't be ridiculous, for we shan't take any notice. Here he is!"

"Kiss who?" cried Kate, standing still and staring all around. "Girls, what on earth do you mean?"

"You provoking thing!" said Barbara, stamping her little foot. "Do you suppose we are all fools? Why, of course we know all about him! It's Mr. Greenfield—your cousin, Kate—the young M. D."

Kate looked around in bewilderment.

"Where's"

"Why, here!"

"Nothing of the sort!" said Miss Kate, demurely.

Our hero stood up, feeling himself growing uncomfortably warm and red.

"Ladies," he said, "there's some mistake here. I said, at the outset that may name was not Greenfield."

"There!" cried the girls all once.

"There!" echoed Kate defiantly.

"Didn't we tell you?" cried the girls.

"Didn't I tell you?" retorted Kate. "Be kind enough to let us know what your name is sir."

"Cephas Barkdale!" said the wretched victim of a misunderstanding.

"Run," said Miss Moore' "you said it was not Greenfield."

"Of course I did!" said the puzzled bachelor. "It isn't Greenfield, and it never will be unless I have it changed by an act of legislature."

"Oh-h!" cried the girls. "Dear, dear, to be sure! And we thought you were Kate's lover—and his name is N-o-double-t—Nott Greenfield."

"Do hold your tongues, you ridiculous things!" said Kate, half vexed, half laughing, "what must Mr. Barkdale think of us?"

"I think you are very nice," said Mr. Barkdale, gallantly.

Miss Barbara in the meantime had taken a slip of paper out of her pocet.

She uttered a hysterical shriek.

"It's all my fault, she exclaimed. It was No. 39 instead of No. 36—and the tail of the horrid figures turned the wrong end up—that's all. And the cake, and the flowers, and everything."

"Stop, ladies, if you please," said Mr. Barkdale, courteously. "Because the surprise has come to the wrong place is no reason why the right person should not enjoy it. Allow me to give up this room to your use this evening. I will just step across the street and send Mr. Nott Greenfield over."

"But you must return with him," said the girls.

And Mr. Barkdale was not allowed to depart until he had promised.

Mr. Nott Greenfield—a good looking medical student—who had "sky parlor" directly opposite—came promptly on mention of the name of Kate Kellford, and did the polite thing in introducing Mr. Barkdale; and Mr. Barkdale ate of the sandwiches, and enjoyed the cake and cream, and coaxed Miss Barbara to pin a pink rosebud in the button hole of his coat, and enjoyed himself prodigiously.

I'd like to be surprised like this every night in the year.

"Oh, you greedy creature," said Miss Barbara.

"But there was one time I seriously meditated throwing myself out of the window," said he, "when you told me I was to kiss Kate."

"But the awkwardness of the thing!"

"I dare say you never kissed a pretty girl," pouted the blonde.

"I never did," said the bachelor, growing bold, "but I will now, if you say so."

"But I don't say so," said Barbara, coloring and laughing. "Behave yourself, sir."

Mr. Barkdale went home with the fair Barbara, and they grew to be very great friends, and—where's the use trying to conceal how it all ended? They were married at the years end, with all the surprisers for bridesmaids, Kate Kellford included. Mr. Nott Greenfield proposes to follow the example as soon as he gets his diploma.

A HIT AND A MISS!—A young lady was sitting with a gallant captain in a charmingly decorated recess. On her knee was a diminutive niece, placed there pour es convenances. In the adjoining room, with the door open, were the rest of the company. Says the little niece, in a jealous and very audible voice, 'Auntie, kiss me, too.' Any one can imagine what had just happened. 'You should say twice, Ethel dear, two is not grammar,' was the immediate rejoinder. Clever girl, that.

Suffer not disappointment by employing too many "cures;"—but for the disease of Infancy use Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup which never disappoints, and costs only 25 cents a bottle.

THE MAPLE SUGAR SEASON.

The maple sugar days have come, the sweetest of the year, when little cakes, and big ones, too, are sold so awfully dear. We see the sugar in big brown cakes in some windows and in straw colored cakes in other windows, and the proprietors of the first assure us that the deep brown color is a proof of its genuineness, and the proprietors of the second say they wouldn't keep the brown article on any consideration. The sign in the shop windows raises suspicion: "Genuine maple sugar." This naturally suggests that some other place keeps maple sugar that is not genuine. 'Maple sugar warranted pure.' Then there must be qualities not strictly pure. Happily, however, none of this stuff is kept in Detroit as can easily be proven by the signs in the windows. Every storekeeper in the city will at once acknowledge that he keeps only the pure article. Many simple persons think, misled by the name, perhaps, that maple sugar is made from maple trees in some manner or other, but whether the trees are grown up or not they are not exactly certain. In olden times it must be admitted that maple sugar did have its origin in maple sap, but modern science has made gigantic strides in advance of these crude old-fashioned ways of our ancestors. At this time of the year a long time ago a sort of V was cut on the maples about four feet from the ground. An upward blow from an ax under the V cut a gash in which was inserted the wooden spout, and then into the wooden troughs, or perhaps buckets, steadily dripped the sweet life-blood of the maple. Then the boy came along with the sled, generally drawn by oxen, who made frantic endeavors to drink the sap as they passed the brimming troughs. On the sled was a barrel, which when filled, was taken to the camp where seethed the steaming caldrons over the fierce fire. Here the barrel was emptied into the large tank which supplied the big open iron kettles suspended over the fire. Then came the sugar-off. And with it came the neighboring young men and maidens to assist in eating the rapidly forming sugar. The sugar-off was always a big time. There was a great deal of sweet talk indulged in, of course. If there was still some snow left it was very useful. The thick boiled sugar was ladled out and poured into the cool snow. The result was a waxy substance that had a sort of remote relationship to the taffy they give us nowadays. It was sweeter than a sister and stuck closer than a brother when it got a good reliable hold in a person's mouth. These were the good old times when maple sugar sold for five cents a pound, before we got into the improved method of manufacturing it from brown West India sugar and Lake Huron sand. However, we still respect the maple sugar season, and don't dust off the cobwebs and bring them to the light of day except in early spring, when genuine maple sugar is made.—*Detroit Free Press.*

HOUSEHOLD CLEANLINESS 120 YEARS AGO.

It is the fashion to assume that cleanliness in its thoroughgoing, all-pervading acceptation, was the quality for which households of the old stamp were distinguished. Where the mistress and her daughters held strict supervision that would be so; but we have now and then an insight into things as they were, where this eye was wanting which tells another tale. A certain Will Verral's experiences are so much to the point that we will give them, as chancing upon them in our reading, though we have seen them quoted not very long since elsewhere. Will was inn-keeper and man cook, of Lewes, in Sussex, employed by the gentlemen of the neighborhood to cook their state dinners for them. He published a cookery book—the date of 1759—and wrote a preface to it which shows him master of a picturesque style: 'I have been sent for many and many a time to get dinners for many of the families hereabouts. The salute generally is, 'Will' (for that is my name), 'I want you to dress me a dinner to-day,' 'With all my heart, sir,' says I; 'how many will your company be?' 'Why, about ten or twelve, or thereabouts.' 'And what would you please to have me get, sir, for ye?' 'Oh,' says the gentleman, 'I shall leave that entirely to you, etc. My next step was to go and offer a great many compliments to Mrs. Cook about getting the dinner. The girl, I'll say that for her, returned the compliment very prettily by saying, 'Sir, whatever my master or you shall order me to do shall be done as far and as well as I am able.' But Nanny (for that I found to be her name) soon got into such an air as often happens upon such occasions. 'Pray Nanny,' says I, 'where do you place your stewpans and other things you make use of in the cooking way?' 'La, sir, says she, that is all we have,' (pointing to one poor solitary stewpan, as one might call it, but no more fit for the use than a wooden hand-dish). 'Umph!' says I to myself, how's this to be? A surgeon may as well attempt to make an incision with a pair of shears, or open a vein with an oyster knife, as for me to pretend to get this dinner without proper tools to do it.' At length, wanting a selve, I begged of Nanny to give me one; and so she did in a moment—but such a one! I put my fingers to it and found it gravelly. 'Nanny,' says I, 'this won't do; it is sandy.' She looked at it, and angry enough she was. 'Rot our Sue,' says she, 'she's always taking my selve to sand her nasty, dirty stairs.' But, however, to be a little cleanly, Nanny gave it a thump on the table, much about the part of it where the meat is generally laid, and whips it into the boiler, where I suppose the pork and cabbage were boiling for the family, gives it a sort of a rinse, and gave it to me again with about as much of the pork fat about it as would poison the whole dinner; so I said no more, but could not use it, and made use of a napkin that I slyly made friends with her fellow servants for, at which she leered round and set off; but I heard her say, as she flirted her tail into the scullery, 'Hang these men cooks, they are so confounded nice! I'll be whipped, says she, 'if there was more sand in the selve than would lay upon a sixpence!'—*Blackwood's Magazine.*

Much of the meat sold in London as prime English beef is American. American beef sent over in refrigerators is just as good as English—many think it better. At one of the first clubs in London recently there were served an English and an American sirloin of beef, and no one could tell the difference. Hungarian and Bohemian beef, too, is coming into the London market at 12 cents a pound, and much game, especially pheasants, from Bohemia.

ANCIENT PEDESTRIANISM.

Among the most famous of walking matches are those recorded in military history, where to the obstacles of heavy burdens and difficult grounds were added those of time and space. The march of the heavily armed Spartans in 409 B. C., from Lacedæmon to Marathon, covering 150 miles of almost roadless country in three days, would have earned high commendation in an age of sporting papers. The Consul Nero's march to the Metaurus, to surprise the Carthaginians (201 B. C.) lasted two days and a night with the slightest possible intermission, the soldiers taking food from the hands of the country people, and eating it as they went. Hannibal's retreat from Zama upon Carthage, brought him to Andramentum, sixty-three miles distant, between dawn and night-fall, the pursuing Romans accomplishing the same distance in even less time. Cæsar's Tenth Legion achieved a parallel feat in Gaul, while in heavy marching order. The Bernese Swiss, when summoned to aid those of Soleure in repelling an invasion, are said to have answered the call so promptly that the newly baked loaves which they carried with them were barely cold on arrival. Frederick the Great, on the hottest day of the terrible summer of 1760, had a kind of race with Marshal Daun for the occupation of an important post, both armies making such speed that 200 Prussians and 300 Austrians dropped dead on the line of march from sheer exhaustion. Frederick's younger brother, Henry, during the same war, marched for fifty hours, with only three intervening halts. Napoleon's 'Old Guard' repeatedly made sixty miles in a day during the great campaign of 1813; and one of the Russian regiments in Central Asia is stated on good authority, to have accomplished seventy-eight. The similar exploits achieved during the Indian mutiny, of 1857, and the American civil war of 1861-5 are too well known to need repetition.

SCOTCH GENTLEWOMEN IN DIFFICULTIES.

Among the trades most suitable for women may be mentioned every form of millinery and dress making, all the lighter work of linen drapers' shops, the lighter work of book sellers' and print shops, certain branches of jewelers' work, house decorators' and china merchants' business. Colleges for nurses, schools of cookery and schools of art needlework afford resources for women which did not exist fifty years ago. But many more occupations, which used to be considered the peculiar property of women, have somehow slipped out of their hands and passed into those of men who could dig and lift heavy burdens, cross the seas and be the pioneers of a new civilization. Not only worsted and fancy work shops, but what are called furnishing shops, glove shops, toy shops, bun houses for the sale of buns, cakes, and smaller confectionery, and the retail trade in tea, were formerly regarded to a large extent as belonging to the province of women—not unfrequently of poor gentlewoman. Some of the readers of these observations may recall old stories of Scotch ladies of rank—earl's daughters—who, after the failures of the Darien expedition and the Jacobite rebellion, stoutly maintained themselves and their children by mating and selling thread and by keeping shops of small wares. Other readers, who are admirers of Mrs. Gaskell's writings, will surely think of her gentle *Miss Matty*, the late rector's elderly daughter, who, on the failure of a bank and its disastrous consequences, set herself to preserve her meek, modest independence by selling tea in Cranford; and, as a parting word the present writer begs to explain that she does not intend by any means to imply that trade asks no distinct qualification and no particular training, only that the qualifications are less rare, the training is not so arduous, and may be acquired later in life—above all the remuneration to industry and prudence is far more certain. If the young-er of the good gentlewomen will but revive the good precedent, if they will take heart and cast small prejudices to the winds, their latter end may, indeed be better than their beginning.—*Good Words.*

SHAKESPEARE'S EARLY MARRIED LIFE

The Hathaways had lived in Shottery for forty years prior to Shakespeare's marriage. The poet, then wholly undistinguished, had just turned eighteen, while his bride was nearly twenty-six, and it is often said now that she did very wrong to wed this boy-lover. They were married in November, 1582, and their first child, Susanna, came in the following May. Anne Hathaway must have been a wonderful fascinating woman, or Shakspeare would not have loved her; and she must have loved him dearly—as what woman, indeed, could help it?—or she would not have yielded to his passion. There is direct testimony to the beauty of her person; and in the light afforded by his writings it requires no extraordinary penetration to conjecture that his brilliant mind, sparkling humor, t

The Columbian.

BROCKWAY & ELWELL, Editors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Friday, April 18, 1879.

"REVOLUTION !"

In the absence of anything better, the Republican leaders have started this war cry because of the proposed Democratic legislation in Congress, and a partisan press obediently re-echoes the sentiment. Revolutions may be peaceable or forcible. The former is the Democratic method, and the latter that adopted by our opponents. The people at the polls reinstated the Democratic party to correct certain abuses inaugurated by the Republicans. Chief among them are the Supervisors' Law, the Jurors' Test Oath Law, and that in relation to the use of Federal bayonets at elections. We have already referred to the first two subjects, and now desire to call especial attention to the last. Even England under the reign of so arbitrary a monarch as George II, in reference to the use of troops at the polls, had the following law passed by Parliament, which was reenacted under Queen Victoria :

"Sec. 2. And be it enacted, That on every day appointed for the nomination or for the election or for taking the poll for the election of a member or members to serve in the Common House of Parliament no soldier within two miles of any city, borough, town, or place where such nomination or election shall be declared or poll taken shall be allowed to go out of the barrack or quarters in which he is stationed, unless for the purpose of mounting or relieving guard, or for giving his vote at such election; and that every soldier allowed to go out for any such purpose within the limits aforesaid shall return to his barrack or quarters with all convenient speed as soon as his guard shall have been relieved or vote tendered."

The third section of the British law declares that whenever such an election is appointed, notice of it shall, with all convenient speed, be sent to the War Office, and thence in writing, "to the general officer commanding in each district of Great Britain, who shall thereupon give the necessary orders for enforcing the execution of this act in all places under his command."

The interference of the military with the functions of the civil power in the Colonies led to the Revolution, and was sternly denounced in the Declaration of Independence. It was the war cry of the Republican party against Buchanan's administration of affairs in "Bleeding Kansas," The Constitution of Pennsylvania says : *"Elections shall be free and equal ; and no power, civil or military shall at any time interfere to prevent the free exercise of the right of suffrage.* The law itself was revolutionary, but the power it gives was also exercised in war times, and notably when the "sainted Lincoln" sent soldiers to various polls in this County —to overawe voters and re-elect himself. Even Gen. Geary when Governor of this State, warned the President not to send Federal troops to Philadelphia to enforce the election laws, as was proposed, and threatened to oppose them by force, asserting in a message to the Legislature that it was an interference with State Rights.

Now what does the Army Bill propose ?

This is its language :

"That section 2,002 of the Revised Statutes be amended so as to read as follows : "No military or naval officer, or other persons engaged in the civil, military, or naval service of the United States shall order, bring, keep, or have under his authority or control any troops or armed men at the place where any general or special election is held in any State, unless it be necessary to repel the armed enemies of the United States."

"And that section 5,528 of the Revised Statutes be amended so as to read as follows :

"Every officer of the army or navy, or other person in the civil, military, or naval service of the United States, who orders, brings, keeps, or has under his authority or control any troops or armed men at any place where a general or special election is held in any State, unless such force be necessary to repel armed enemies of the United States, shall be fined not more than five thousand dollars, and suffer imprisonment at hard labor not less than three months nor more than five years."

How do the existing statutes differ from the proposed statutes ? In the sole particular that the two former now contain, after the words "to repeal armed enemies of the United States," the additional exception, *"or to keep the peace at the polls."*

The Republican argument is two-fold : FIRST, that the existing law *"is right."* We have already answered that point, but would add that if it is just why did the Republicans agree to help repeal it as a separate measure ?

SECOND. It is objected that it should not be a rider to an appropriation bill. We answer that it became a law by the Republicans fastening it to an army appropriation bill in 1867. In that year the Republicans in Congress, with President Hayes and Geo. Garfield as members and acting with the majority, forced into the army appropriation bill part of the very legislation the Democrats now propose, they held the bill until the last days of the session to coerce President Johnson to sign the bill. Was it revolutionary then on the part of Hayes and Garfield ?

In 1872 the Supervisor Law was in the same manner forced into the civil appropriation bill, the Republicans voting under the party lash wielded by Garfield. What was consistent for Hayes and Garfield should not be deemed inconsistent for Democrats by such men.

Congress represents the people, and should not be dictated to by a sore minority, caught in their own trap.

LET THE PEOPLE REJOICE.

The "Riot Bill" has been defeated by the close vote of 101 to 98. On the motion to reconsider, Vanderslice voted to reconsider, and Knittle against it. It is now in order to kill the iniquitous "Border Raid Bill," and then the Legislature might as well adjourn.

The Democrats of Indianapolis held a city convention the other day and gathered in a whole lot of colored men. Not only were colored men members of the convention, but one occupied the position of vice president and another was nominated for City Marshal. Recently the Democrats of Rhode Island ran a colored man for the Legislature, and at Reading another was candidate for constable on the Democratic ticket. This amounts to a revolution.

—PLEURO-PNEUMONIA IN LUZERNE COUNTY.—Considerable alarm exists among the cattle dealers about Wilkesbarre owing to the prevalence of pleuro-pneumonia. One veterinary surgeon of Wilkesbarre has charge of eight cases. Several cases have resulted fatally.

THE CZAR SHOT AT.

The old saying that "uneasy is the head that wears a crown," most frequently occurs to rulers. The following dispatch from St. Petersburg, dated Monday last shows the narrow escape of the Czar :

"While the Czar was taking his usual morning walk, early to-day, near the palace, four shots from a revolver were fired at him. The Czar was unhurt. The man who fired the shots was arrested by the crowd which the firing attracted The city is now being decorated in token of thankfulness for the Czar's escape.

General Richard Taylor, son of Old Zack, died in New York on Saturday. He was widely known in European as well as American capitals, not only as an accomplished soldier who bore high rank in the southern army during the late rebellion, but as a gentleman of unusual scholarly attainments, rare social qualities and cosmopolitan tastes. He was born in New Orleans in 1826. Advices from Paris announce the death of Jean Hippolyte Cartier, called Villemessant, who, if not the founder of *la Figaro*, certainly was the editor who has given to that journal a world-wide fame.

SOUND DOCTRINE.

The following sensible remarks we clip from the *Towanda Journal*, an independent paper with republican tendencies :

The most formidable movement in the national field of politics to day is that to make Gen. Grant President for a third term. That it will be successful we have little expectation, but that it is important enough to demand the serious attention and vigorous opposition of every citizen who has the welfare of this country at heart is only too apparent. Enlisted in its support are many of the most potential elements in our political life. First, the movement is organized and led by a closely-united band of astute political manipulators, such as no other candidate, no other interest, can possibly command, —men who are chiefly actuated by the motive of self-interest, a low one certainly, but in politics, at least, and in the absence of other issues, the most powerful that exists However much good men may loathe the political principles and practices of the Chandlers, the Logans, the Shepherds and their like, candid observers cannot fail to recognize their mastery of the art of political manipulation beyond any of the body of men in either of the national parties. How widely and successfully they are strengthening their hold on the republican organization, is evident in the recent senatorial election. Again, there is not one of the other republican candidates, so far seriously talked of who would not be likely to prefer Grant as a second choice. Indeed, it is whispered that Grant's friends already have assurances of support from both Blaine and Conkling factions as soon as their favorites are seen to be distanced. Grant's continued and growing popularity at the West, particularly among the small property-holders, the glamour of heroism which makes his name a household word among the negroes of the South, and the only name of political power among them, the confidence reposed in his conserving powers by the business men of the North, the gratitude and personal esteem felt for him by the great mass of strictly party republicans everywhere,—these are elements of strength which should not be overlooked. Nor need anyone be surprised to find the civil-service of the country, with or without pretense of non-interference in politics, yielding its mighty if silent influence in favor of the military candidate. The money-bags, too, which are ready to be opened in the support of his cause are not owned by the Drexel-Childs coterie in Philadelphia alone.

It is not, then, an unwarranted apprehension that by a skillfull combination of these various forces the ex-President may for the third time be presented to the country as the standard bearer of the republican party, the chosen exponent of its boasted moral ideas. If surface indications of the most pronounced character count for anything, such unmistakably is the present drift of the party.

BLACKMAIL.

The Cameron-Oliver case in Washington has revived many stories of similar attempts, in by gone years, some of which were successful, some failed from want of pluck on the part of the aggressive party and in the rarest of all instances they are brought to trial and ignominiously go to the wall on the merits of the case like the one in question. A case was published a few years ago of a woman who met Zadock Street, then a resident of Ohio and well known to Pittsburghers, who most persistently followed the plot—she claimed to be or was the pretended wife of a shyster lawyer in the city of New York. The sympathies of Mr. Street were worked upon successfully by this artful woman to befriend her in Philadelphia, and to permit her to accompany him to New York. All her ingenuity to entrap the humane Quaker failed, but the pretended husband with other legal assistance followed up the case in hopes either to bring him to compromise or to extort damages through a suit. The persecuted party came out of the contest with an untarnished name, but it required great moral courage and infinite trouble, vexation and a large expenditure of money. But it is unnecessary to go to Washington or to New York for illustrious examples of attempted or even successful black-mailing. Two of our most successful and respected citizens now deceased, are known to have been victims to the amount it is said, of $25,000 each, and others now living have come down in lesser and even equal amounts. There would be less complaints on this score, and the trade would not thrive but for the fact that lawyers practicing at the bar and otherwise respectable, have lent their professional services to these disreputable schemes. The fear of honorable business men and men of high social standing of having their names even mentioned in such a connection, renders them easy victims to a well laid plot, especially when the case is in the hands of a skillful but unscrupulous and determined attorney. The danger of exposure of the latter is very remote, and he prosecutes the nefarious business, holding his head amongst his peers as an honest man. The members of the bar owe it to themselves to purge their ranks of this material which is a disgrace to the profession, and it is with this view that we call attention to this subject. Let the respectable portion of the bar mark any man in their ranks who has ever been smirched with such associations, and the disease will soon be stamped out.

We wish to say in conclusion that the shameless woman, shystering attornies and the whole variety of disgraceful scoundrels who make their disreputable livings by blackmailing any one whom they think they can rob through wholesale lying and unblushing perjury in the courts should be held up to the contempt and scorn of all honest people and wherever possible, punished with such severity that other knaves will be deterred from following their examples, and we thank ex-Senator Cameron in the name of a long suffering public for the manly and philanthropic course he has taken in dealing with the low and disgusting wretches who have tried to enrich themselves from his coffers.—*Pittsburg Critic.*

The Republican organs raised a great hue and cry a short time ago to the effect that the Democrats, when they came into power in Congress, would bankrupt the Treasury by the payment of Southern war claims. Tuesday, in the House, when General Bragg proposed to abolish the whole business of Southern claims, he was supported by nearly the whole Democratic vote, but the Republicans, with the aid of Border State Democrats, defeated the proposition. We shall be pleased to hear what the organs have to say upon this subject now. The simple truth is that this costly and dishonest system of war claims was created and has been maintained by the Republicans in Congress, to the great discredit of the party, and while the Southern Democrats are not the wisest men in the world, they have had sense enough to make their record in this respect unassailable.—*Times.*

As walking matches are growing tiresome it is pleasant to know that other forms of public entertainment are springing up in which the powers of men will be tested. The next thing is to be a contest between champion snake men. Mr. Charles Roumfort, who calls himself "the champion snake handler and eater of America," publishes the following card in the New York *Sun* which may interest some people in this locality :

"I have been waiting some time for a man like Frank A. Conklin to challenge me in anything pertaining to snakes. I can catch more snakes, charm more snakes and eat more snakes (especially rattlers) than any man in this country. I come from a snake family—my parents and grand parents being known for years as the great snake catchers and tamers of Powell's Valley, Dauphin county, Pa. My ancestors were the original French settlers and I inherited all their snake knowledge. My money, my snakes and myself will be ready at any time at John Donor's, opposite Capitol Park, Harrisburg

Mr. Isaac B. Palmer, of Riverside, Conn , also publishes a card in the *Sun*, in which he says : "I challenge Frank A. Conklin to eat snakes, I to dress my own snakes—rattle snake, adder or any other kind of snake. Challenge to remain open ten days, for from $100 to $5000."

BEWITCHING WORK.—There is a fascination in renewing all the ribbons, stockings, shawls and dresses in the house by the use of Leamon's Dyes made by Wells, Richardson & Co., Burlington, Vt. The colors are superb. Druggists have them.

The election of the Republican candidate for mayor of Cincinnati has been claimed as a great party victory and as an emphatic approval of the bloody shirt programme in Congress. Nothing could be more absurd. The following letter of Mr. Jacobs, the republican candidate for mayor, to the *Volksfreund*, two days before the election defines the issue on which the contest was decided :

"In your to-day's issue you state that in the meeting of Moralists at Hopkins that there was a letter read which is purported to be written by me, in which I obligated myself to execute the Sunday law strictly according to letter. This assertion is an untruth. * * I will never assist to prevent any law-abiding citizens *from enjoying their usual pleasures either on week days or Sundays.* I am no *church visitor* and no *temperance man*, and would not dictate to order loving citizens to stay away from properly managed amusements just as little as I would wish to dictate to them that they must not go to church : nor would I allow any one else to dictate to me that I must drink water in place of wine or beer.

Jacobs was elected mayor over the democratic candidate by a majority of 447 votes on the great question of free beer on Sunday. If this was was a grand republican victory it is well enough to understand the character of the platform upon which the victory was won.—*Patriot.*

MOSBY.

This noted guerilla never can be reconciled to the rank and file of the Union Army. It is not because he was a soldier on the other side, but because he indulged in a species of warfare unknown to civilized nations. His notoriety was not gained by open and manly warfare, but by midnight marauding, by attacks on weak and inoffensive citizens, and by the robbery, imprisonment and killing of non combatants. Whether from similarity of tastes or other reasons we know not, but certain it is that Grant and he became bosom friends and boon companions. On his recommendation, the daughter of Jackson—the man who shot Ellsworth for hauling down the rebel flag at Alexandria, was appointed to a fine position at Washington, whilst the wives and daughters of thousands of Union soldiers were in destitution. But what surprises us, is the following from the *Press*, which has been a thick and thin organ of the Grant and Hayes' Admininistrations :

"Colonel Mosby brings the manners of the saddle in the saloon of the diplomats, and has won more conspicuousness than distinction. He is evidently better fitted for duty as a guerrilla than for official station. The only regret we could have at his recall is that he would be let loose further to torment the present, to say nothing of the next Republican Administration. And to what greater affliction could they be subjected ?"

Petrifaction.

Most of our readers will remember Benjamin Singerly, Esq., formerly proprietor of the *Daily State Journal* and state printer for a term of years, who died suddenly after traveling from Philadelphia to Pittsburg one very hot day about two years ago. Mr. Singerly was a very heavy man weighing from 350 to 400 pounds. He was interred at Pittsburg. A few weeks ago the relatives of Mr. S. made preparations to have him resurrected and taken to Philadelphia where his parents and other relatives are buried. When the hands to whom the work of raising the body was entrusted, dug down to the top of the casket, they were surprised to find that no offensive odor prevailed—a circumstance that makes it unpleasant at any time to take up dead people in order to carry them from one point to another. The coffin was opened, but the attempt to remove the rough box from it was ineffectual, on account of its extraordinary weight. This created considerable surprise, and it was at last suggested to open the casket. An undertaker was entrusted with the job and when the lid was removed the face and body were found to have undergone petrifaction—had assumed the color of yellow marble, and the entire face and form seemed as one mass of marble chissled from a block—not one of the features or lineaments were out of place or unnatural in the slightest degree. The body was raised from the grave by means of a block and fall and was found to weigh (when weighed for transportation to Philadelphia) *nine hundred and eighty pounds !*

These facts were related to a *Patriot* reporter five days ago from what he thought at that time to be a reliable source, but seeing no mention made of the case in the Pittsburg journals, he awaited further developments. The same story from a strictly trustworthy party, was again reported and we therefore feel justified in giving them publicity.

KINDRED EVILS.—It is well known that a relationship exists between piles, constipation, kidney diseases and liver troubles. In Kidney Wort we have a remedy that acts on the general system and restores health by gently aiding nature's internal processes. Druggists keep it.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

OLD AND RELIABLE.

DR. SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR is a Standard Family Remedy for diseases of the Liver, Stomach and Bowels.—It is Purely Vegetable.—It never Debilitates—It is Cathartic and Tonic. TRY IT.

SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR

To Have Good Health, the Liver must be kept in order; its unhealthy action causes Bilious Attacks, Jaundice, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Headache, Bowel Complaints, Seasickness, and other Disorders.

The Liver is the seat of malarial diseases. The Liver Invigorator protects the system from Miasmatic Influences. It Purifies the Blood, Regulates the Bowels, Assists Digestion and Strengthens the System.

The Liver Invigorator has been used in my practice and by the public, for more than 35 years, with unprecedented results.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR.

S. T. W. SANFORD, M.D., 162 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY

ANY DRUGGIST WILL TELL YOU ITS REPUTATION.

April 18, '79—y.

SHERIFF'S SALE

By virtue of sundry writs issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale at the Court House in the town of Bloomsburg Columbia county, Pennsylvania, at one o'clock p. m., on

MONDAY, MAY 5th, 1879.

1 All that certain piece of land situate in Mifflin township, Columbia county, Penna., bounded and described as follows, to-wit: On the north by land of John Aten, east by H. Schweppenheiser, south by land of Thomas Aten and on the west by land of Charles Klingaman, containing one hundred and ten acres, more or less, on which are erected a frame dwelling house, barn and out buildings.

2 ALSO,

One tract of land situate in said township of Mifflin, bounded on the north by land of Thomas Aten, on the south by land of Michael Grover's heirs, on the west by land of William Parr, containing twenty-four acres, more, or less, on which are erected a frame house and out buildings.

3 ALSO,

One tract in said Township of Mifflin, bounded on the north by land of I. K. Schweppenheiser and Samuel Snyder, on the east by Lawrence Waters, on the south by Abraham Schweppenheiser and on the west by John Aten, containing thirty four acres more or less, on which are erected a frame house, barn, and out buildings.

4 ALSO,

One tract of land situate in said township of Mifflin, bounded on the north by land of Stephen Gearhart and others, on the east by land of I. K. Schweppenheiser, on the south by land of John Aten and on the west by land of Joseph Gearhart, containing one hundred acres, more or less, on which are erected a frame house, barn, and out buildings.

5 ALSO,

One lot of ground situate in the town of Mainville, Columbia county, Penn'a., bounded and described as follows, to-wit: on the north by public road, on the east and south by land of J. E. Longenbergr and on the west by a public road, on which is erected a two story brick store house.

Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of I. K. Schweppenheiser at the suit of Esther Gearhart against I. K. Schweppenheiser.

C. W. MILLER, Attorney. Venₐ. Ex.

6 ALSO,

All that tract of land situate in the township of Beaver, County of Columbia and State of Pennsylvania, described as follows, to-wit. Bounded on the north by lands of Eckroat and Benninger, on the east by lands of Wellington Case, on the west by lands of Jacob Heninger and on the south by public road, containing forty-nine acres more or less on which are erected a frame house, barn and outbuildings.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of the Columbia County Mutual Saving Fund and Loan Association against Samuel Fisher and to be sold as the property of Samuel Fisher.

LITTLE & MILLER, Attorneys. Pl. Fi. Fa.

Terms cash.

7 ALSO,

All that certain lot or piece of land situate in Fishingcreek township, County of Columbia and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit : On the north by land of J. D. Fullmer, on the east by land of John Hide, on the south by land of Elford Freeman, and on the west by land of Philip Appleman, Sr., containing one hundred and twenty six acres more or less, on which are erected a plank house, barn and out buildings.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of Jacob Farver for use of J. D. Fullmer against George Cadwallader and to be sold as the property of George Cadwallader.

WIRT, Attorney. Fi. Fa.

8 ALSO,

All that certain real estate situate in Main township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows to wit ; On the north by lands of John Gearhart, on the east by land of Joseph Geiger, on the west by land of —— and on the south by a public road, containing fifty-six acres more or less.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of the Columbia County Mutual Saving Fund and Loan Association against U. J. Campbell and M. V. B. Kostenbauder, and to be sold as the property of U. J. Campbell and M. V. B. Kostenbauder.

LITTLE & MILLER, Attorneys. Fi. Fa.

9 ALSO,

All that certain lot and parcel of ground situate in the township of Main aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to wit : Beginning at a stone in the public road leading from Mainville to Espy in a line of land now or late of Isaac Yetter and running from thence by said line north seventy-four and a quarter degrees east twenty perches to a post, thence by land of John J Gearhart north ten and a half degrees east twenty and a half perches to a post, thence by the same south seventy-four and a quarter degrees west twenty perches to a stone in the aforesaid public road, thence by said road south five degrees west thirteen perches to a point in said road, thence by the same south fourteen and a quarter degrees west nine and three tenths perches to the place of beginning, containing two and a half acres strict measure, on which are erected a frame dwelling house and out buildings.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of the Columbia County Mutual Saving Fund and Loan Association against M. V. B. Kostenbauder, and to be sold as the property of M. V. B. Kosten bauder.

LITTLE & MILLER, Attorneys.

10 ALSO,

All that certain farm situate in Scott township, Columbia county Pennsylvania, containing one hundred and thirty-seven acres more or less, adjoining lands of Wm. Creveling on the north, on the east by land of George Keller, on the west by lands of Geo. Kressler, and on the south by land of E. R. Ikelers, whereon is erected a two story dwelling house, bank barn and out buildings, nearly all cleared land.

11 ALSO,

All that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the township and county aforesaid, adjoining lands of Jacob Mellick on the north, lands of Reuben Culp on the south, lands of Mrs. J. W. Sankey on the west, and on the east by lands of Samuel Hutchison, containing ten acres more or less, all improved.

12 ALSO,

All that certain piece or parcel of land, situate in the township and county aforesaid, adjoining lands of Jacob Mellick on the north, lands of Jacob Mellick on the east, the public road leading to Espytown on the south, and public road leading to Bloomsburg on the west, containing one acre more or less, whereon is erected a steam tannery with vats, &c.

13 ALSO,

All that certain lot of ground, situate in the township and county aforesaid, fronting on the public road leading to Bloomsburg on the east, an alley on the south, another lot of said J. W. Sankey, on the west, and Mill street on the north, containing one acre more or less, whereon is erected a large two story frame dwelling house, an office, a large two story frame room and a double two story dwelling house, barn and stable and other buildings.

14 ALSO,

All that certain lot of ground situate in the township and county aforesaid, fronting on Mill Street on the north, a lot Francis Frances on the east an alley on the south, a public road on the west, whereon are erected a two-story frame dwelling house and out buildings.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of I. S. Kuhn against J. W. Sankey, and to be sold as the property of J. W. Sankey.

MILLER, Attorney. Fi. Fa.

15 ALSO,

All that certain lot or piece of ground situate in Sugarloaf township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, described as follows, to wit : Bounded on the north by land of Mary Peterman, on the east by Andrew Hess, on the south and west by land of Elijah Peterman, containing fifty acres more or less, on which are erected a house, barn and out buildings.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of B. D. Cole against Wm. B. Peterman and to be sold as the property of Wm. B. Peterman.

MILLER, Attorney. Vend. Ex.

16 ALSO,

A certain tract of land situate in Fishingcreek township, Columbia county, being the eastern division of the homestead farm of John Lazarus, deceased, and bounded and described as follows, to wit : Beginning at a stone in the line of land of Philip Unangst, thence by the same south seventy and one quarter degrees west fifty-two and nine-tenth perches to a stone, thence by lot No. 9 of the same tract south nineteen and three quarter degrees east fifty-eight and eight-tenths perches to a stone, thence due east forty-nine perches to a stone south twelve and one-fourth degrees east one hundred and fifty-two and nine-tenths perches to a stone, thence north eighty-one and a half degrees east four perches to a stone, thence south sixteen east fifty-two and two-tenths perches to a stone, thence by land of Matthew McDowell north eighty-two and a half degrees east forty-six and eight-tenths perches to a stone, thence by land of Daniel Merkle north sixteen degrees west fifty-three and four-tenths perches to a post, and north fourteen degrees west eight-nine and one tenth perches to a stone, thence by land of Bernard Ammerman west eight perches and north fourteen degrees west fifty-four perches to a stone, thence west twenty-five perches to a white oak grub, thence by land of Thomas J. Hutchinson north thirty-two and three-quarter degrees west ninety-eight and five-tenths perches to the place of beginning, containing one hundred and eight acres and ninety-nine and two-thirds perches strict measure, on which are erected a frame house, bank barn and out buildings.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of Sanderson Lazarus, Administrator of William Lazarus, deceased against George Lazarus (by his Guardian Hiram R. Kline) with notice to John P. Creasy terre tenant and to be sold as the property of George Lazarus (by his Guardian Hiram ; R. Kline) with notice to John P. Creasy terre tenant.

MANN, Attorney. Levari Facias.

17 ALSO,

All that certain lot or piece of land situate in Mifflin township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania bounded and described as follows, to wit : On the north by Abraham Schweppenheiser, on the east by Peter Michael, on the south and west by Horace Schweppenheiser, containing eighty acres more or less, on which are erected a two-story frame house, bank barn, a large frame grist mill, mill house and all necessary out-buildings.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of J. H. Hetler assigned to F. Jordan & Sons against George Nungesser and to be sold as the property of George Nungesser.

BROCKWAY & ELWELL, Attorneys. Fi. Fa.

18 ALSO,

All that certain lot and piece of land situate in Beaver township, Columbia county and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows : Beginning at a pine, thence by land of Jacob Marrier, north eighty-one degrees, east fifty-two perches to a pine, thence by same south eighty-eight and one-fourth degrees east one hundred and thirty-two perches to a pine, thence by land of William Michael south two and three-fourths degrees west fifteen perches to a stone at Catawissa Creek, thence down said creek south eighty-seven degrees west eighteen perches to a stone, thence down said creek its various courses, one hundred and sixty-three and five-tenths perches to a stone, thence by land of Daniel Singley, Sr., north nine degrees west forty-seven and five-tenths perches to the place of beginning, containing thirty-five acres and one hundred and twelve perches strict measure.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of Abraham Rice to use of Moses Rice against Elizabeth Miller, Administratrix of Daniel Miller with notice to terre tenants, and to be sold as the property of Elizabeth Miller, Administratrix of Daniel Miller, with notice to terre tenants.

KNORR, Attorney. Levari Facias.

19 ALSO,

All that certain lot or piece of ground situate in Benton, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, described as follows, to-wit : Bounded on the north by lands of Benjamin McHenry, on the east by public road on the south by an alley, on the west by land of Hiram Everitt and Benjamin McHenry, containing three-fourths of an acre on which are erected a two-story frame dwelling house, store house, shop and stable and out buildings.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of The Columbia County Mutual Saving Fund and Loan Association against Samuel Heacock and to be sold as the property of Samuel Heacock.

LITTLE & MILLER, Attorneys. Al. Fi. Fa.

20 ALSO,

All that certain lot or piece of ground situate in Centralia borough, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, described as follows, to-wit : Bounded on the north by an alley, on the south by Railroad street, east by land of Richard Finnel and on the west by Paxton street, containing twenty-five feet front and one hundred and forty feet in depth on which are erected a dwelling house and out buildings.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of the Centralia Mutual saving Fund Association against Patrick Fogarty and to be sold as the property of Patrick Fogarty.

BARKLEY, Attorney. Vend Ex.

21 ALSO,

All that certain lot or piece of land situate in Bloomsburg, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: On the north by an alley, on the east by an alley, on the south by Main street, on the west by Robert Cadman, on which are erected a frame house, stable and out buildings.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of Layton Runyan & Co., against William H. Garson and J. H. Stricker and to be sold as the property of William H. Garson.

IKELER, Attorney. Fi. Fa.

22 ALSO,

The undivided one-eighth part of all that certain lot or piece of ground situate in Centre township, County of Columbia and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit : Beginning at a stone corner near the head race, thence by lands of Jesse B. Freas and William Lamon north twenty degrees east one hundred and eight and five-tenths perches to a stone, thence by land of Emma Deitterick south seventy-eight degrees east twenty and nine-tenths perches to a stone, thence by land of Wesley B. Freas south twelve degrees west forty-seven and five-tenths perches to a stone, north seventy-eight degrees, west five-tenths perches to a stone, thence by same and land of George K. Hess south twelve degrees west fifty-nine perches to a stone, and thence by land of Jesse B. Freas north seventy-eight degrees west twelve and four-tenths perches to the place of beginning, containing fourteen acres more or less, on which are erected a frame house, stables and outbuildings ; also, one frame grist and flouring mill, together with the water-power, fixtures and appurtenances thereunto belonging.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of Z. T. Fowler against M. A. Watts and to be sold as the property of M. A. Watts.

IKELER, Attorney. Alias Fi. Fa.

24 ALSO,

Two lots of ground situate in the Borough of Centralia, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, being fifty feet in width and one hundred and forty feet in depth whereon are erected two two-story frame dwelling houses, said lots being bounded and described as follows : North by Park street east by —— street, south by vacant lots and west by lots of M. Lawler.

25 ALSO,

A lot of ground situate in the borough, county and State aforesaid, bounded and described as follows : Number one (No. 1) Block one hundred and eighteen (118) north by Park street, east by an alley, south by lot lately owned by William Torrey, and west by Locust Avenue, whereon is erected a two-story frame house.

26 ALSO,

All the right, title and interest of said Robert Gorrell in the estate of Mary Gorrell, deceased, said estate consisting of a certain messuage and lot or piece of ground situate in the borough of Centralia in the County of Columbia and State of Pennsylvania, consisting of the lots numbered eight, (8), nine (9), ten (10), eleven (11), and twelve (12), in block numbered ninety-six (96) on the general map or plan of said borough, each of said lots being twenty-five (25) feet in width and together one hundred and twenty-five (125) feet in width and extending of that width in depth one hundred and forty (140) feet, with the appurtenances, consisting of a two-story frame dwelling house, and one-story frame office. Also,

A certain other messuage and lot or piece of ground situate in said borough of Centralia, and consisting of the lots numbered one (1), and two (2) in block number ninety-six (96) on said general map of the borough of Centralia ; each of said lots of ground being twenty-five (25) feet in width and together fifty (50) feet in width and extending of that width in depth one hundred and forty (140) feet with the appurtenances, consisting of a two-story frame dwelling house and a one-story frame dwelling house. Also,

A certain other messuage and lot of ground situate in said borough of Centralia and numbered on the general map or plan of said borough one (1) in block number (97) being twenty-five (25) feet in width and extending of that width in depth one hundred and forty (140) feet. Also,

A certain other messuage and lot of ground situate in said borough of Centralia, and numbered one (1) in block number one hundred and four (104) on the general map or plan of said borough being twenty-five (25) feet in width and extending of that width in depth one hundred and forty (140) feet with the appurtenances, consisting of a one and-a-half story plank stable and ware house.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of the First National Bank of Ashland against Robert Gorrell and to be sold as the property of Robert Gorrell.

FREEZ, Attorney. Fi. Vend. Ex.

27 ALSO,

All that certain lot or piece of land situate on the north-west side of Seventh Street in the Borough of Berwick, County of Columbia and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit : Beginning at the corner of Seventh street and lot number 32, thence along lot number 32 one hundred eighty-one and a half feet to Eighth street, thence along Eighth Street forty-nine and a half feet to lot number 34, thence along lot number 34 one hundred eighty-one and a half feet to Seventh Street, thence along Seventh Street forty-nine and a half feet to the place of beginning, being lot number 33 of M. W. Jackson's addition to Berwick.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of the Mutual Building Loan and Saving Fund Association of Berwick against William H. Clewell and Nathan Martz, and to be sold as the property of William H. Clewell.

THOMPSON, Attorney. Fi. Fa.

28 ALSO,

All the undivided half of that certain piece or parcel of land situate in Centre twp., Columbia, county, bounded and described as follows, to wit : Beginning at a stone corner near the head race, thence by land of J. B. Freas and Elwood Hughes north twelve degrees east one hundred and eight and half perches to a stone corner, thence by the same south seventy-eight degrees east twenty and nine-tenths perches to a stone corner, thence by the same south twelve degrees west forty-seven and one-half perches to a stone, thence by the same north seventy-eight degrees, west one half perch to a stone, thence by the same and lot of H. W. and J. B. Bomboy south twelve degrees west forty-nine perches to a stone corner, thence by land of J. B. Freas north seventy-eight degrees west twenty and four-tenths perches to the place of beginning, containing fourteen acres strict measure, on which are erected a frame house, stables and out-buildings ; also one frame grist and flouring mill, together with the water-power, fixtures and appurtenances thereunto belonging.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of Oliver Watts, Administrator of Robert Watts, deceased against Robert F. Watts and to be sold as the property of Robert F. Watts.

JACKSON & SON, Attorneys. Levari Facias.

29 ALSO,

All that tract of land situate in Locust township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit : On the north by lands of William Erwine, on the east by lands of Henry Beaver, on the south by lands of S. Levan and John Snyder, on the west by lands of Peter Kline, containing one hundred acres more or less, on which are erected a good frame house, large bank barn and outbuilding, excellent spring of water and good apple orchard on the premises.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of William J. Helwig Trustee for Catharine Helwig against Henry Helwig and to be sold as the property of Henry Helwig.

IKELER, Attorney. Alias Fi. Fa.

30 ALSO,

All those three pieces of land situate in Locust township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, that is to say the one piece beginning at a stone in the public road leading from Slabtown to Kerntown, and by land of Henry Rhoads, south fifty and one-fourth degrees west ninety-one and two tenths perches to a stone, thence by land of John Reinbold south forty-seven and one-half degrees fifty-six and two-tenths perches to a stone, thence by land of Peter Rhoads north fifty and three fourth degrees, east seventy and five-tenths perches to a stone, thence by land of William H. Reinbold north twenty-four and one-half degrees east thirty-three perches to a stone, the place of beginning, containing twenty-eight acres and seventy-two perches strict measure. The second beginning at a stone in the public road leading from Catawissa to Kerntown at a stone and by land of W. H. Reinbold north fifty-six degrees, east thirteen and thirty-five one-hundredths perches to a stone, thence by land of said Peter Rhoads and the public road south thirty-four degrees east twenty-four perches to the place of beginning, containing thirteen acres strict measure. The third piece situate at the foot of the Little Mountain, bounded and described as follows : Beginning at a post in line of land of Lewis Bush running thence by land of the same south seventy-two and a half west twelve perches and two-tenths to a post, thence by land of William Millard south twelve and a half degrees, east seventy-six perches to a post, thence by land of the same north eighty-one and one-fourth degrees, east twelve and one-half perches to a post, thence north twelve and one-half degrees west seventy-seven and one-half perches to the place of beginning containing five acres and one hundred and twenty-five perches strict measure, on which are erected a frame house bank barn and out-buildings.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of Benjamin Behm, Assignee of Peter Rhoads against George Boyer, with notice to Harris Kreischer, terre tenant and to be sold as the property of George Boyer, with notice to Harris Kreischer, terre tenent.

IKELER, Attorney. Levari Facias,

JOHN W. HOFFMAN, Sheriff.

April4, 78-ts

SHERIFF'S SALE..

By virtue of sundry writs issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, and to me directed will be exposed to public sale at the Court House, Bloomsburg, at one o'clock p. m. on

SATURDAY, APRIL 19th, 1879.

The undivided one-fourth interest in the following tract of land situate in Fishingcreek township, Columbia county, State of Pennsylvania, described as follows, to-wit : Bounded on the north by land of Henry Beishline's estate, on the east by other lands of Henry Beishline's estate, on the south by land of G. M. Howell, and on the west by lands of John Creveling, containing two and one-fourth acres more or less, on which are erected a large brick house stable, out buildings and blacksmith shop.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of J. F. McHenry against W. B. Pennington and to be sold as the property of W. B. Pennington,

ALSO,

The undivided one-fourth interest in the following tract of land situate in Fishingcreek township, Columbia county, State of Pennsylvania, described as follows, to-wit : Bounded on the north by land of Henry Beishline's estate, on the east by other lands of Henry Beishline's estate, on the south by land of G. M. Howell, and on the west by lands of John Creveling, containing two and one-fourth acres more or less, on which are erected a large brick house stable, out buildings and blacksmith shop.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of J. F. McHenry against George H. Pennington and to be sold as the property of George H. Pennington.

ALSO,

The undivided one-fourth interest in the following tract of land situate in Fishingcreek township, Columbia county, State of Pennsylvania, described as follows, to-wit : Bounded on the north by land of Henry Beishline's estate, on the east by other lands of Henry Beishline's estate, on the south by land of G. M. Howell and on the west by lands of John Creveling, containing two and one-fourth acres more or less, on which are erected a large brick house stable, out buildings and blacksmith shop.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of J. F. McHenry against W. C. Pennington and to be sold as the property of W. C. Pennington.

W. J. BUCKALEW, Attorney.

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, FRIDAY, APRIL 18, 1879

Rail Road Time Table.

LACKAWANNA & BLOOMSBURG RAIL ROAD

	NORTH.	SOUTH.
Accommodation Train,	6.56 A. M.	8.00 A. M.
Mail Train	7.38 A. M	4.40 P. M
Express Train	1.57 P. M.	11.45 A. M

CATAWISSA RAIL ROAD.

	NORTH.	SOUTH
Accommodation Train	6.38 A. M.	7.56 P. M.
Regular Express	4.06 P. M.	11.45 A. M.

Through cars on Express train either to New York or Philadelphia. Accommodation train runs between Catawissa and Williamsport.

STAGE LINES.

CAMBRA AND BLOOMSBURG.—Leave Cambra Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6.30 a. m., arrive at Bloomsburg by 11.30 a. m. Leave Bloomsburg on same days after arrival of Philadelphia mail.

BLOOMSBURG AND LAIRDSVILLE.—Leave Lairdsville Tuesday Thursday and Saturday at 7.30 a. m., arriving at Bloomsburg by 12 m. Leave Bloomsburg on same days after arrival of Philadelphia mail. The stage line terminates at Millville.

BENTON and Bloomsburg.—A daily stage line leaving Benton in the morning and returning in the evening of the same day.

MAIL ROUTES.

WHITE HALL AND BLOOMSBURG.—Leave White Hall Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6.30 a. m., arriving at Bloomsburg by 10 a. m. Leave Bloomsburg on same days after arrival of Philadelphia mail.

BENTON AND BLOOMSBURG.—Leaves Benton Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 8 a. m., arriving at Bloomsburg at 2 p. m. Leaves Bloomsburg Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 8 a. m., arriving at Benton at 2 p. m.

PUBLIC SALES.

John A. Funston, Administrator of Augustus Mason will offer real estate for sale at the Court House in Bloomsburg on Saturday April 26th, at 10 o'clock a. m. and at Eyer's Grove at 2 o'clock p. m., of the said day.

The Administrator of Martha Thurston deceased will expose valuable real estate for sale in Bloomsburg on Saturday, April 26th.

April showers are doing their full duty.

It is rumored that G. H. Brown has leased the Central Hotel.

We are sorry to learn that Mr. Enoch Cadman has almost entirely lost his eyesight.

Read D. Lowenberg's new spring advertisement on the fourth page.

Judge Elwell will hold a special Court in Bradford county, next week.

The Bloomsburg Silver Cornet Band will give a Calico Ball in Evans' Hall this Friday evening.

Go to the Skating Rink on Saturday evening. The Band will be in attendance and a good time is expected.

Chicken fanciers are numerous in Bloomsburg. There are many choice breeds in the possession of owners of flocks.

M. E Jackson Esq. of Berwick, W. J. Baldy and James Scarlet, Esqs. of Danville, attended the adjourned court on Monday.

Morrie, the little son of M. C. Sloan, who has been dangerously ill, we are glad to hear is improving, and is considered out of danger by his physicians.

Dr. Isaac Hays, the oldest editor in the United States, died in Philadelphia last Saturday. He had been on an editoral staff fifty two years.

Rebecca Carman of Benton has just returned from the city with a large assortment of Millinery Notions cheaper than ever, to which she invites the public.

Two persons were baptized by immersion in the Fishing creek near the Scott town bridge on Sunday afternoon last, by Rev. J. P. Tustin.

The adjourned Court ordered for this afternoon will not be held, the particular case for which it was appointed having been otherwise disposed of.

The examination of the Senior Class at the Normal School will begin on Wednesday, June 18th. The Committee will be announced hereafter.

As the item in the *Catawissa Item* about our soldiers Convention meeting in last March might mislead some of our soldier friends, we repeat, that the call is for Saturday, May 26th, at Correll's Hall.

Beaver township is the first to comply this year with the law, requiring the publication of annual statements. All others should follow their good example, and save the penalty for non-compliance.

Administrators and Executors who advertise their notices in the COLUMBIAN, and pay for them when ordered will be presented with a neatly bound Receipt book for the estate, without any charge. tf.

The widow of the late Captain W. A. Tubbs, and mother of the editor of the Shickshinny *Echo*, we are pleased to learn, is about getting a pension that will amount to the handsome sum of over $10 000—*Item*.

The Legislature adjourned on Thursday of last week until Tuesday morning, Friday being a legal holiday. We were pleased to receive calls from both members, Vanderslice and Knittle, on Monday.

NO WHITE BUTTER.—People will not in these days, buy white butter, and dairymen of good judgment use the Perfected Butter Color of Wells, Richardson & Co., Burlington, Vt. It does not freeze in winter or mould in summer and is always ready for instant use.

Catawissa has a sensation. It seems that Messrs. Abbott, Fortner, and Jacob Rhawn were on a still hunt in the neighborhood of Centralia, and managed to secure a full grown panther alive, which was brought over the mountains to Catawissa. A broken tire was the only accident on the route.

A deer bounded upon the track as a Catawissa train was passing near Watsontown a few days ago. It kept ahead of the engine for a long distance and then jumped to the side, running with the train nearly to Dewart. Several revolver shots were fired from the train. The deer darted into the woods near Dewart and was found there with a bullet-hole in his neck the next morning.

The Illustrated Lecture of Prof. W. J. Marshall on Thursday evening of last week, entitled "The Yellowstone National Park," was one of the most interesting entertainments that we have had the pleasure of attending for a long time. The lecture was very instructive and contained many facts which are known by but few, and ought to be known by everybody. The views were produced by a calcium light, and clearly illustrated the wonders of the region where they were taken. We shall be happy to see Prof. Marshall here again.

At the adjourned Court last Monday a large number of motions were made, and cases argued. In the case of Mary McAlarney vs. S. P. Wolverton, in equity, the Court filed an opinion holding that the deed under which the defendant holds, instead of being an absolute deed is in fact a mortgage. That the plaintiff has the right of redemption upon payment of the mortgage money, after applying the rents and profits received by the mortgagee. Samuel Knorr, Esq., was appointed Master to state the account between the parties.

The genial countenance of A. E. Miller, formerly a Clerk at the Exchange Hotel, beamed upon us this week. For some time past he has been stationed at Williamsport, and is now visiting friends in Luzerne. He seems to be as cherry and chirpy as ever.

Woman's Words, a journal devoted to the interests of women, will hereafter be published exclusively by Mrs. Joan Lewis, that lady having purchased Mrs. Spencer's interest in the paper and become sole proprietor.—*Exchange*.

What is the use of such a book? Every man is familar with "Woman's Words," and daily has them recited to him in the most eloquent and vigorous manner.

LUBY DISCHARGED

Peter Luby, who has been undergoing a two years term of imprisonment upon conviction of larceny, was discharged from the jail at Pottsville a few days ago. He resides at Germantown in Conyngham township. It was strongly urged by his friends before the Board of Pardons that he was innocent of the crime charged against him.

We had the pleasure last week of visiting the splendid farm of E. H. Little Esq., located beyond Light Street. He has spent a large amount of money in making it a model farm, and we have no doubt he will succeed. His stock of cattle is the finest in the county. We understand he proposes to give the best sugar plant a trial this season. We hope he will make its production a success.

On Wednesday last we had the pleasure of witnessing the operation of Guerrants Electro-Engraving machine at the Exchange Hotel, under the management of M. B. Allebach of Danville. We understand he is agent in this section. Heretofore all engraving has been done by hand, but by means of this machine the most delicate engraving can be done on gold, iron, stone, glass &c, with but little manual labor by the operator.

THE STERLING BOOK COVER.—We have purchased the right to use these covers in this county, and have on hand an assortment of sizes. They make the neatest and most convenient form for doing up note heads, letter heads, bill heads, notes, checks, &c., and a cover will be given away with every order o 1000. Try it once and you will not do without it. It is the best thing of the kind ever invented. Call and examine. tf.

MARINE DISASTER.

A loaded canal boat belonging to the Susquehanna Coal Co., was carried over the Nanticoke dam on Friday afternoon. It was in tow of the steam tug when it became unmanageable and the tug cut loose and saved itself. The boat passed over the dam diagonally and was not much injured. Two men, named Fox and Carter were upon it when it passed over. It will be unloaded and floated to Northumberland and put into the canal. There were two boats attached to the tug, one of which was manned in a masterly manner by young Ruch of Berwick, who managed to land his boat a short distance above the dam.—*Record of the Times*.

The annual meeting of St. Paul's Episcopal church for the election of Vestry men was held on Monday evening after service, Geo. E. Elwell was elected chairman and C. C. Marr Secretary. B. P. Vannatta and E. B. Clark were appointed Tellers and a vote was taken resulting in the election of the following as Vestrymen: B. F. Hartman, E. R. Drinker, C. C. Marr, J. W. Hendershott, C. F. Knapp, Geo. E. Elwell and Eli Barton.

B. F. Hartman made his report as Treasurer of the Parish, and a vote of thanks was tendered him for his efficient services during the past year. The Rector proposed a plan for keeping down the interest of the church debt by the use of boxes to be distributed to each family, a penny a day to be placed in them during the year. The result will be over $300

EASTER SERVICES.

At St. Paul's Episcopal church the services on Easter day were of the usual beautiful and interesting character. An early service was held at six o'clock which was largely attended. The service consisted of morning prayer up to the Litany. At half past ten o'clock the remainder of the morning services was read, with sermon, and Holy Communion. The church was beautifully decorated with flowers, and the sentence "Christ the Lord has risen indeed" was stretched across the front of the chancel. An exquisite floral mound surmounted the baptismal font, and hanging baskets were suspended in the arches of the ceiling. The music at these two services was excellent, under the direction of Prof. Hoffman.

In the evening the Sunday school held their Easter celebration, and presented their offerings.

The Easter Services at the Lutheran Church on Sunday last were unusually interesting. The church was beautifully decorated with flowers and newly carpeted with Brussels Carpet. Forty-seven persons were received into the Church by Confirmation. An appropriate and ably delivered sermon was given by Rev. H. Ziegler, D. D. About two hundred and forty persons took part in the Communion Services. During the Winter seventy-four additions have been made to the membership of this Church

ITEMS FROM CATAWISSA.

The new barn of W. J. Kester is nearly completed.

Mr. F. L. Shuman is erecting a new barn near the railroad.

Mr. Lewis Hayhurst the new assessor has commenced his friendly visits.

Last Friday being a legal holiday the employees of the P. & R. railroad were idle.

Mr. C. F. Harder is erecting a frame dwelling house on 3rd street. Mr. H. is a live business man.

The livery stable of David Giffen has been removed to the stables of I. S. Monroe deceased on South street.

It is about time Supervisor Sharpless calls together his *favorite few* and removes the ashes and other rubbish from the streets.

The Cornet Band are making arrangements to purchase uniforms. We hope they may succeed. They are deserving of help.

A Gospel Temperance meeting was held in the Lutheran church Friday evening. Considerable interest is being manifested in these meetings.

Mr. Thomas Cherrington has moved to town from Franklin township. He intends opening a gun smith shop. Mr. C. is a first-class mechanic and undoubtedly will meet with success.

The services at the Episcopal church last Sunday were very interesting. The church was very tastefully decorated with ferns, and the Rector the Rev. C. F. Fessenden delivered an excellent sermon, appropriate to the occasion.

The excursion to Philadelphia on Thursday of last week on the P. & R. Railroad was a failure. Comparatively few taking advantage of the reduced rates of fare. The fact of the excursion being so late in the week was undoubtedly the cause of it. W.—

ORANGEVILLE LETTER.

April 16th 1879.

MR. EDITOR:—Seeing that you have no correspondent in our place I will send you a few items of news. We have as you know a thriving village. We have heretofore had very good stores but a new one has lately been added to the number. It is owned by A. B. Stewart. Mr. Stewart has an excellent stock of goods, and his store is finished in good style. It bids fair to be very prosperous.

Mr. Stewart has also lately built a fine dwelling house on the lot next his store. It is rented by Mrs. Agnes Melick of Rhorsburg and she moved in last week.

Last week on Tuesday occurred the funeral of Mrs. Achenbach, wife of Samuel Achenbach of this place. She was a woman respected and loved by all the neighborhood and her loss will be felt by many outside of her immediate family circle.

The Academy opened on Monday, the 14th, with the largest number of pupils ever present on the first day of the term. Luzerne, Monroe and Montour counties are well represented.

For several mornings back we have been aroused from our peaceful slumber, by the sound of a loud shrill whistle, echoing and re-echoing in the still morning air. We have made inquiries as to the meaning of this, and find that a new steam whistle has been attached to the foundry on Mill Street.

Rev. Mr. Cleer, who succeeds Mr. Mendenhall in charge of the Methodist Church of this place has moved into the Parsonage, and we have no doubt but what he will soon make many friends here.

We are told that Harry Low is confined to the house by sickness. Col. Kline on Saturday last had two very severe epileptic fits.

"Waiting for something to turn up," I remain yours truly. WILKENS MICAWBER.

A WORD TO DOUBTERS.

There is a good old English maxim that teaches us to "believe every man honest until we know him to be a villian." American custom seems to have reversed this law and appears to make every man a villian until he has proved himself an honest man. As with people so with things. Every article placed in our markets can lay claim to popular favor upon intrinsic merit and value alone. Continued popularity, therefore, is proof positive of intrinsic excellence. Dr. Pierce's Family Remedies are far more popular to day than ever before. The people have tested them and know them to be genuine remedies for the disease they are recommended to cure. The Golden Medical Discovery and Purgative Pellets are the best alterative, tonic and cathartic remedies that can be used in chronic diseases of the stomach and liver. The world-wide popularity of the Favorite Prescription, as a never failing remedy for Female Diseases, would have alone secured to its discoverer the fame he has so richly won. Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy; of which Dr. Pierce is also proprietor, is recommended by those who have tested its virtues as a safe and reliable remedy for catarrh in its worst form.

A HANDSOME INCOME FOR AN ENERGETIC LADY OR GENTLEMAN.

The Ohio Scale Works of Cincinnati have just patented and are now introducing to the public a Handsomely finished Family Scale, an article that has always been needed in every household, and in a communication addressed to the publishers of this paper the proprietors ask us to refer them to some reliable party, to introduce it for them to the people of this County. It is seldom that a new article steps so suddenly into universal favor. Housekeepers are loud in its praise, it is always ready, there are no weights to get lost or to be hunted up, is reliable, and will not get out of order. The description of them is a handsome base surrounded by a column in which works a spiral spring so scientifically adjusted as to weigh anything up to twelve pounds with perfect accuracy, on the top of the column is the platform on which the articles to be weighed are placed, and they have an adjustable indicator so that you can take the tare of any vessel you may use in weighing, giving you the exact net weight. Housekeepers at once see their value in weighing fruits, sugars and other ingredients used in preserving, cooking, etc., or in testing the weights of purchases from others.

The Scales are made of *Brass*, are highly polished and are finished in a skillful manner They are very attractive and take the eye of every one who sees them.

It seems to us that nearly every family in this county will want one, and is certainly a rare opportunity for some smart and energetic party to pick up quite a nice little income during the next few months. The Company has agents in other counties who are easily making from $2 00 to $6 00 per day selling them, and we would recommend parties in need of employment to drop the OHIO SCALE WORKS, No. 125 and 127 Central Avenue, Cincinnati, O, a Postal Card, and all information etc., will be cheerfully given them by mentioning our paper. April 11-2 w

WHY WILL YOU

Allow a cold to advance in your system and thus encourage more serious maladies, such as Pneumonia, Hemorrhages and Lung troubles when an immediate relief can be so readily attained. *Boschee's German Syrup* has gained the largest sale in the world for the cure of Coughs Colds and the severest Lung Diseases. It is Dr. Boschee's famous German prescription, and is prepared with the greatest care, and no fear need be entertained in administering it to the youngest child, as per directions. The sale of this medicine is unprecedented. Since first introduced there has been a constant increasing demand and without a single report of a failure to do its work in any case. Ask your druggist as to the truth of these remarks. Large size 7 cents. Try it and be convinced. aug 30, '78-tf

In the city of Montreal, Canada, none stand more deservedly high than the house of Picault & Co., Pharmacists. They say we use *Giles' Liniment Iodide Ammonia* also sell it for Pains, Gout, Rheumatic Swellings, Weak Backs, Varicose Veins. It is the most reliable remedy we know of.

Sold by all druggists. Send for pamphlet. DR. GILES. 120 West Broadway, N. Y.

Trial size 25 cents

NEW YORK MILLINERY STORE.—Just opened in Moyer Bros. Block. A full line of Milliner and Fancy Goods, all latest and best styles, at lowest market prices. We know we can please all, having had experience in New York, and other cities. We invite all to come and see for themselves before they purchase.

MISSES EVERETTS & GRISS.

Where you suffer a cold to go unchecked, you act as unwisely as a man who permits his well or spring to be continuously poisoned. You can always find relief in Dr. Haas' Expectorant, for 25 and 50 cents a bottle.

Deaths.

WHITE.—Near Light Street on the 11th inst, Laura A. White aged one year 9 months and 17 days.

TURNBACH.—On the 6th instant, at the residence of Solomon Yost in Butler township, Mrs. Polly Turnbach, in the 82d year of herage.

KIKENDALL.—On the 6th instant, in the town of Nescopeck, Mr. James Kikendall, aged about 26 years.

ERVINE.—On the 4th instant, in Centre township, Mrs. Ervine, widow of the late Abram Ervine, aged about 94 years.

MCBRIDE.—Mrs. Susan McBride aged 60 years, 5 months, and 5 days. Interment in Rosemont Cemetery.

THE WILLIAM BURGESS CASE.

We have refrained from adverting to current rumors about the alleged defalcation of Mr. Burgess, because injustice might be done him; but so much has been published about it and more said, that the writer feels it a duty to his old teacher to give a fair version of the matter. Mr. Burgess, formerly Principal of the Millville Academy and Superintendent of the Common Schools of this county,—a member of the Society of Friends—was appointed Agent of the Pawnee tribe of Indians in Nebraska, in 1872. The "peace policy" having been changed, he was removed in 1877. His sureties, some twenty in number, are held in the sum of $40,000. Last March they received from the Treasury Department the following notice, which also gives the amount unsettled, and the names of the sureties:

As surety on the bond of William Burgess, Indian Agent, dated December 24th, 1872 (Pawnee) you are hereby advised that there is an outstanding balance against him of $11,066 12 arising from suspensions, &c., in the settlement of his accounts, February 27th, 1878, since which time he has failed to furnish the required explanations. Before taking legal action on the case, the sureties will be afforded an opportunity to effect a settlement and they are requested to attend to the same in six months. Your co-sureties are Jos. E. Eves, Richard F. Whitmoye, Benj. Battin, Francis P. Eves, Parvin Eves, Ellis Eves, John R. Eves A. P. Young, Joseph W. Eves, A. P. Heller, Chandler Eves, Reuben Wilson, Joseph E Sands, Joseph Eves, Samuel B. Kleser, Elisha Hayman, Chas. W. Eves, Michael Whitmoyer, and Elisha R. Beiler and John Hicks, all of Millville, Pa.

We are assured that there has been no defalcation on the part of Mr. Burgess. He and his clerks now are busily engaged in duplicating his vouchers so as to conform to the latest instructions of the latest official. What has led to this, has been contradictory instructions from the shifting heads of departments, and the usual red-tapeism. The same difficulty has been experienced by all officials in making settlements at Washington. The writer remembers that he was charged with a section of artillery in the Treasury Department, which was captured, with himself and remaining men, at Bull Run. The only way he could settle his account was after re-capturing the same guns at Bristow Station, and four others, but no credit was ever allowed for the other four. B.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

Washington, D. C., April 15, 1879.

IN THE SPRING A WOMAN'S FANCY GENTLY TURNS TO SHOPPING—TREASURY GIRLS—MRS. OLIVER IN THE LECTURE FIELD—PICTORIAL LIES—THE ARMY BILL—WHAT WILL BE DO WITH IT—PROSPECTS OF A LONG SESSION—KELLEY'S BILL—THE CONVENTION OF THE ACADEMY OF SCIENCES.

The Lenten season, always vigorously observed in Washington, is just over, and the gay and fashionable are emerging from their temporary seclusion, as beautiful, almost as fresh, and far more interesting than the lilies of the field. That text of Scripture about the comparative inferiority of Solomon's ward-robe would lose its point, if the comparison were now made to the disparagement of a modern fashionable young ladies' toilet, for her hat may be covered with artificial lilies of the fields far more durable, and more like a lily than the lily itself. While the tints of the ocean and hues of the sky, in color though varied, in beauty may vie, they can't come up to the dress which last night she wore, bought for a mere trifle at a 7th street store. I am writing now about the Treasury girl, not any particular Treasury girl, but the general girl who works for the government in marble halls, counting notes, postage stamps, writing forms, etc., etc. Why they should be called girls I cannot explain, because many of them are no longer young. Since the recent unpleasantness between Mrs. Oliver and her aged suitor, men are in the habit of looking at the Treasury girls with a timorous apprehension that is quite unique, as if each one of them might be a dangerous and explosive cryptogam. Mrs. Oliver, now thoroughly advertised, has taken to the lecture field to swell the tide of vile and vapid oratorial drivel. Let it swell the sooner it slops over in all inundating disgust the better. The pictorial journals are much to blame for the notoriety given to uninteresting vulgar men and women. The so called "Mrs. Oliver" is homely, common, and in every way unattractive; but the *Police Gazette*, *Frank Leslie's*, *Harper's Weekly* and papers of a like character have idealized and dignified her face, and form, and habit, until ex-Senator Cameron himself would not know her. It is a pity that subscribers do not know how utterly worthless as representations, the portraits and indeed nearly all pictures in these journals are. They glorify pimps, prostitutes, while they unmagnanimously caricature distinguished men. Their influence is base, mendacious and corrupting far beyond that of many publications, the circulation or which is prohibited by penal statutes.

The arena of debate has been transferred from the House to the Senate, but it is still on the army bill, and it is said it will continue for three weeks. It will certainly continue as long as the Republican Senators care to make speeches. There is no patent process to stop debate in the Senate. More than one such contest has ended only through utter exhaustion not only of the subject but of the debators. There seems at present to be but little real interest in the debate. The public mind has long since been made up on the merits of the question. The press has presented the subject in every possible light, and now the only thing that remains unanswered and interesting is the great Bulwerian question. "What will he do with it?" Will he sign it or veto it? and if he shall veto it, what will they do with it? There is as yet no new light on these questions, and their importance connected with the fact that they will not be answered for at least a month makes the debate very tedious. There is a very strong determination on the part of some members of Congress to introduce legislation outside of that for which the special session was called. This is of course very popular in the District. General legislation will prolong the session, and stay the negra which usually makes Washington a "deserted village" after the middle of June. Many new bills have been introduced into the Senate, and a smaller number into the House. Representative Kelley, of Pennsylvania, has prepared a bill to remedy the inconveniences and losses to workmen and retail dealers of the accumulation in their hands of certain small coins. It proposes to require the Treasury and sub-treasuries to redeem with legal-tender money the subsidiary silver coins whenever presented in sums of $5 or multiples thereof, and also provides that the further coinage of trade dollars be stopped and that they shall for twelve months be receivable at par for customs or any other obligations due the United States, and that when so received they shall be received into silver dollars of 412½ grains.

The National Academy of Sciences will hold the first of a series of sessions in this city to-day. A large number of essays on abtruse scientific subjects will be read by distinguished specialists. The meetings will be open to the public and the *ladies* will have an opportunity to hear papers read upon "The loss of the Mississippi and Æolian Hypothesis"—"The paleogene cockroaches"—"The relation of Neuralgic pains to storms and the earth's magnetism"—And, "On Ghosts in destruction spectra." Prof. O. C. Marsh of New Haven, vice-president of the Academy will preside, the presidency being vacant by the death of the late Professor Henry. C. A. S.

CONSUMPTION CURED.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy, for the speedy and permanent cure for consumption, bronchitis catarrh, asthma, and all throat and lung affections, also a positive and radical cure for nervous complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive, and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send, free of charge, to all who desire, this recipe, with full directions for preparing and using, in German, French or English. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp naming this paper. W. W. Sherar, 149 Powers' Block, Rochester, New York.

March 28 4-w.

For fine Job work at the lowest prices the COLUMBIAN office is the best in the County.

CHEW JACKSON'S BEST SWEET NAVY Tobacco.

A GENTLE REMEDY.—The action of Kidney-Wort on the torpid liver, unhealthy skin, weak bladder and enfeebled stomach is gentle and constitutional. It cures gout lumbago, and soothes the distresses of indigestion. Cases of twelve years' standing have been perfectly cured. Your Druggists keep it.

Business Notices

Spring Styles—Spring Goods—Spring Styles. Call and see

The New Goods, The New Styles at the New Price,

Cheaper than ever.

Must be seen to be believed, better goods at lower prices

at D. Lowenberg's.

Beautiful Silk Hats—New Soft Hats, Wool Hats, Fur Hats, For Men—for Boys—and Children At the Popular store of D. Lowenberg.

Farmers attention! S. M. Hess, Bloomsburg, Pa., now offers cheap for cash or grain all kinds of farming implements.

Spring Overcoats—Spring Overcoats, Cheap, Durable, Neat and Now Just received at D. Lowenbergs.

We offer a Black Dress, Silk, at 75 cents well worth $1 per yard at H. J. Clark & Son.

For Dress Goods and Trimmings go to Lutz & Sloan's.

Full Line of Notions and White Goods this week at D. A. Creasy's

Finest stock of Wall Paper ever in Bloomsburg at Clark's Book Store.

Boot headquarters at McKinney's.

Any orders sent to C. C. Marr for Patterns will receive prompt attention Apl 11 2w

Cabbage plants 60 cts. per 100, $5 per 1000 at J. Garrison's, 5th street, Bloomsburg.

Ladies' Skirts and Shawls cheap at Lutz & Sloan's.

McKinneys Shoe Store below Court House.

Large assortment of new designs in Wall Paper at Clark's Book Store.

Call at McKinney's for Shoes.

Nice Cheese at Marr's.

2000 segars, Conner's choice, sold 2 for 5 cents within the last two weeks, and 3000 were just received, shows that they are all the rage up town.

Lutz & Sloan sell Gents' Linen Collars 2 for 25 cents.

Rubbers at McKinney's.

Latest Patterns in Wall Paper at Clark's Book Store.

A fine selection of Ladies' Gold Watches and Chains, both American and imported by the best makers at L. Bernhard's Jewelry Store.

Our Dress goods stock is now complete, Silks, Cashmeres, Alpacas, Princess Cloth, Flannel, Shirtings etc., cheap at H. J. Clark & Son's.

Best Syrup 48 cts. a gallon at D. A. Creasy's.

Now is the time to paper. Get your paper at Clark's.

For the cheapest and finest patterns of Iron Fence go to S. M. Hess, Bloomsburg, Pa.

Wool and Cotton Carpet Chain at Marr's.

Spool Cotton 1 cent a spool, 10 cents a dozen at D. A. Creasy's.

Dr. B. F. Kinney, Bloomsburg Pa., has three strains of the finest Plymouth Rock fowls to be found in this county, also Brown Leghorns and Light Brahma first premium stock. Will supply eggs for hatching at $1 00 for 15 at the yards or packed and shipped to any point at $1 50 per sitting; two sittings for $2 50. A fair hatch guaranteed or duplicated free of charge. Also a few fowls for sale.

April 18, 2w.

Want 200 Tons of good Rock Oak Bark. Good Butter 20 cents per pound, good Potatoes 70 cents per bushel and the highest market prices paid for Side, Shoulder and Ham at Light Street by Silas Young. 2w

A Sugar 10 cents pound at D. A. Creasy's

A new stock of Prints, Muslins, Ginghams, Ticks, Linens, Towels, Napkins, etc., at lowest prices, at H. J. Clark & Son's.

Boots and Shoes cheap at McKinney's.

George A. Clark keeps the best plain Window Shades, the best Cord Fixtures, the best Spring Fixtures.

Mrs. Mary Long of Port Noble offers her services to do general house work, and washing.

New Goods at Marr's very cheap.

3 pound Borax Soft Soap in tin bucket at D. A. Creasy's.

Ladies you can find Kid gloves, Lisle Thread, Gloves, Buttons, Fringes, Caps, Trimmings, Silks, Corsets, Hosiery, Silk Handkerchiefs etc., lower than ever at H. J. Clark & Son's.

DOBBIN'S ELECTRIC SOAP, Having obtained the agency of this CELEBRATED SOAP for Bloomsburg and vicinity, I append the opinion of some of our best people as to its merits.

"I have used Dobbin's Electric Soap made by I. L. Cregin & Co., Philadelphia, Pa., for washing about ten years, and think it superior to any other. Mrs. C. G. Barkley."

"We have used Dobbin's Electric Soap and find it superior to any other or *all others*. Mrs. W. H. Jacoby, Mrs. B. H. Stohner.

I desire all my friends and customers to *Give this Soap one Trial*, so that they may know just how good the Best Soap in the United States is.

J. H. MAIZE. July 12, '78-1y Bloomsburg, Pa.

Go to C. C. Marr's for New Shoes for men women and children.

Conner is selling all kinds of canned goods cheap.

Ladies call and see our new spring Talmas, at H. J. Clark and Son's.

Neats Foot Oil for Harness Grease for sale by Silas Young, Light Street. apr4-4w

Use Knapp's Curtain Fixtures, warranted for two years, for sale at Clark's Book Store.

That 30 cent tea at T. W. Conner's is selling rapidly.

ATTENTION FARMERS.

20 Good Horses wanted at the Champion Reaper Agency in exchange for Reapers and Mowers, where you can get all kinds of the best implements in the market on reasonable terms.

SAMUEL TURNBACH, Agent, Bloomsburg, Pa.

Admission free at McKinney's.

We are offering some bargains in Shawls and Dress goods, at H. J. Clark & Son's

All the popular colors of Oil Window Shades at Clark's Book Store.

The large quantity of dishes that Conner sells shows that they give satisfaction.

Buy your Dress Goods, Trimmings etc., of H. J. Clark & Son. They have just returned from the city with a new fresh stock low. Call and see.

MARKET REPORTS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKET.

Wheat per bushel	$1.00
Rye "	.51
Corn, new, "	.45
Oats, "	.33
Flour per barrel	6.00
Cornmeal "	2.50
Flaxseed "	1.50
Butter "	.18
Eggs "	.12
Tallow "	.07
Potatoes "	.60
Dried Apples "	.04
Hams "	12½
Sides & Shoulders "	10
Lard per pound	.07
Hay per ton	8.00
Beeswax "	.22
Timothy Seed "	2.45

QUOTATIONS FOR COAL.

No. 4 on Wharf	$ 3.00 per Ton
No. 5 " "	$ 2.75 "
No. 6 " "	$ 2.60 "
Blacksmith's Coal on Wharf	$ 3.00 "
" Bituminous "	$ 4.50 "

IN THE WHOLE HISTORY OF MEDICINE.

No preparation has ever performed such marvellous cures, or maintained so wide a reputation, as Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, which is recognized as the world's remedy for all diseases of the throat and lungs. Its long continued series of wonderful cures in all climates has made it universally known as a safe and reliable agent to employ. Against ordinary colds, which are the forerunners of more serious disorders, it acts speedily and surely, always relieving suffering, and often saving life. The protection it affords, by its timely use in the throat and lung disorders of children, make it an invaluable remedy to be kept always on hand in every home. No person can afford to be without it, and those who have once used it never will. From their knowledge of its composition and effects, Physicians use the Cherry Pectoral extensively in their practice, and Clergymen recommend it. It is absolutely certain in its remedial effects, and will always cure where cures are possible.

FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS.

j1 no 1.

If you want to be strong, healthy and Vigorous, take E. F. Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron. No language can convey an adequate idea of the immediate and almost miraculous change produced by taking E. F. Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron in the diseased, debilitated and shattered nervous system. Whether broken down by excess, weak by nature, or impaired by sickness the relaxed and unstrung organization is restored to perfect health and vigor. Sold only in $1 bottles. Sold by all druggists and dealers every where.

Nervous Debility! Nervous Debility

Debility, a depressed, irritable state of mind, a weak nervous, exhausted feeling, no energy or ambition, confused head, weak memory, the consequences of excesses, mental overwork. This nervous debility finds a sovereign cure in E. F. Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron. It tones the system, dispels the gloom and despondency, and rejuvenates the entire system. Sold only in $1 bottles. Get the genuine. Take only E. F. Kunkel's, it has a yellow wrapper around it, his photograph on outside. Sold by your druggist. E. F. Kunkel, Proprietor, No. 259 North Ninth street, Philadelphia, Pa. Send for circular, or advice free. Try my great remedy. Get it of your druggist, six bottles for $5. It cannot fail. It is guaranteed to do as is recommended.

WORMS! WORMS! WORMS!

E. F. Kunkel's Worm Syrup never fails to remove all kinds of Worms. Seat, Pin and Stomach Worms are readily removed by Kunkel's Worm Syrup. Dr. Kunkel is the only successful physician in the country for the removal of Tape worms. He removes them in two to three hours, with head and all complete, alive and no fee until head is passed. Common sense teaches if tape worm can be removed, all other worms can be readily destroyed. Ask your druggist for a bottle of Kunkel's Worm Syrup. Price $1 per bottle. If never fails. If he has it not, have him get it, or send to proprietor, E. F. Kunkel 259 North Ninth street, Philadelphia, Pa. (Advice at office free, or by mail.)

LINDSEY'S BLOOD SEARCHER

Is the greatest Blood Remedy of the age. Tetter, Scrofula, Ulcers, Boils, Pimples, Blood Humors, are subject to its wonderful influence. Pure Blood is the guarantee of health. Read "Heart and Home" sent free, by mail. E. Brooks, Philadelphia, Pa. 375 Canal st., and all of Druggists. Ask for Lindsey's Blood Searcher. For sale at Druggists, Pa. Free by E. E. SELLERS & CO., Pittsburgh, Pa. Sold by Druggists and Country Merchants.

apr 19, '78-1y* eow

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A GENTLEMAN who suffered for years from Nervous Debility Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and direction for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience can do so by addressing in perfect confidence,

JOHN B. OGDEN, 42 Cedar st., New York. nov. 22, '78-6m a&co

PILES! Dr. Faber's Celebrated Painless Remedy is the best ever known for PILES of every kind (Bleeding, Itching, Blind, Inward, &c.) and all diseases of the Rectum, whether recent or long standing. It gives instant relief and effects a radical and permanent cure. It is prescribed by all physicians who are acquainted with it. Diseases readily yield to it. No surgical operation required. Try it and relieve your sufferings. ONLY 50 cents for a LARGE PACKAGE. Sent by mail on receipt of price. For sale by all Druggists. DR. J. FABER & CO., 22 Ann st., N. Y. nov. 22, '78-6m a&co

CARPETS Largest Stock in New York City.

at one half FORMER PRICES.

5000 Remnants CARPETS, 75c. per yard. INGRAINS, Tapestry, Brussels, 2 and 3 PLY CARPETS, VELVETS, BODY-BRUSSELS and THREE-PLY CARPETS at equally low prices. OIL CLOTHS, all widths from 25c. per yard.

LACE CURTAINS, $2 00 per pair, to the finest REAL LACE imported, at

SHEPPARD KNAPP'S 189 and 191 Sixth Avenue, Corner 18th street, NEW YORK. nov. 22, '78-6m a&co

PIMPLES.

I will mail (free) the receipt for a simple VEGETABLE BALM that will remove Tan, FRECKLES, PIMPLES and Blotches, leaving the skin soft, clear and beautiful; also instructions for producing a luxuriant growth of hair on a bald head or smooth face. Address, inclosing 3c stamp, Ben Vandell & Co., 20 Ann st., N. Y. a&co nov. 22, '78-6m

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser having been permanently cured of that dread disease Consumption, by a simple remedy is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it he will send a copy of the prescription used, (free of charge) with directions for preparing and using the same which they will find a sure Cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, &c.

Parties wishing the Prescription, will please address E. A. WILSON, 191 Penn st., Williamsburg, N. Y. a&co nov. 22, '78-6m

LIST OF CAUSES FOR TRIAL AT MAY TERM, 1879.

Frederick Hoover vs D H & W R R Co.
John Gordon vs N P & P R R Co.
De lah C Mills vs William Mills
B A Weidenmant vs A W Creamer
Register's Court vs C H Barnes et ux.
I W McKelvy's use vs Wm Shaffer et al.
Wm Struthers et ux vs Margaret Quinn
F L Shuman vs Sarah Klotter.
Conrad Brobst, Reader's use vs Jacob Bittenbender et al
Morris Mitchell vs. Comer Thomas
James A Whiting, guard vs Wm. Mines' executors.
Benjamin Gilf Mfg Co vs Thomas W Hagenbuch et al
A W Creamer vs Pottsville M F Ins Co
Wm Neal et al vs Penn's Canal Co
E S Paulding Mfg Co vs A F Heller
D F Diboll et al vs Mercer's adm'rs
J W Sankey vs M Grover's admr's
Jonathan Fortner's use vs O D L Kostenbauder,
Jos. L. Smith vs John M

Miscellaneous.

USEFUL TO KNOW.

PIN WORMS.—To remove pin worms in the bow, place over the black spot the hollow end of a watch key, and press firmly. This forces the foreign substance out, so that it may be brushed off, and, is a cure.

A GOOD SALVE for burns bruises, etc., can be made by taking very strong lime water and lard; boil some time; pour off water; add more lime water; boil again till very strong of lime; some linseed oil would be a good addition to it.

CHANGE OF HAIR.—The British Royal Society has made researches extending over a period of more than two hundred years, and failed to discover a single case of sudden change in the color of the human hair. This spoils whole pages of poems, novels and newspaper items.

CAMPHOR BALLS.—Clarify a pound of mutton suet and add to it three pounds of spermaceti, two of white wax and one of gum camphor cut into very small pieces. Melt the se together with gentle heat, and stir until the camphor is dissolved; then pour it into moulds. Good for rough hands.

FRIED OYSTERS.—Have ready a skillet of boiling lard; dip your oysters, one at a time, in beaten yolk of egg; then in grated bread crumbs; lastly in sifted meal, and then drop into the lard. Turn and allow them to become only slightly browned. Drain upon a sieve and send to table hot.

LOBSTER SOUPE.—Take a good sized lobster, chop fine, put on the fire with a little water; have ready a quart of milk, one-fourth pound of butter, rubbed together with a large tablespoonful of flour, a little salt, mace or parsley; add to the lobster and boil about five minutes; strain before sending to the table.

POTTED HERRING.—Scrape and wash a dozen fish, lay them in salt for three hours; take an earthen jar, season with a teaspoonful of salt, 20 whole peppers, 10 cloves, 2 bits of mace and half a teaspoonful of ground ginger; put the fish in layers, adding the salt and spices on each layer; pack down tightly, then fill the jar with three-quarters vinegar and one quarter water, bake gently for five hours; eat cold.

TURBOT.—Take a large white fish, steam till done; take all the bones out, and sprinkle with salt and pepper; take a quart of milk, quarter pound of flour, a bunch of parsley and three large slices of onion; put over the fire and stir till it comes to a thick cream; take off, add two eggs, quarter pound of butter; strain through a sieve; put in a baking dish a layer of fish and a layer of sauce alternately until the dish is full, the sauce being on top, then sprinkle with bread crumbs; bake half an hour in a moderate oven.

BAKED COD OR HADDOCK.—Take a cod or haddock of five or six pounds; keep the head on the fish; do not have it opened too deep; make a farcie or stuffing of half pound of bread crumbs, a teaspoonful of very fine divided parsley, a teaspoonful of salt, a saltspoonful of ground pepper, a half teaspoonful of dried, mixed thyme and marjoram; take two eggs, beat them all together, add a teaspoonful of butter, mix all thoroughly and fill in the fish with it; if necessary tie the fish up with a string; bake slowly in a pan, larding with a little butter from time to time; about an hour and a half will cook the fish.

TO KEEP MILK FROM TURNING.—In Erzebirge, in Saxony, where the cold water system is carried out in large dairies, an apparently effectual plan has been hit upon for preventing their milk 'turning' suddenly in tempestuous weather. A thin iron-wire chain is passed through the milk pans, the ends of which are kept in cold water. Dr. Fleischman, of Baden, testifies to the practicability of this method, for he observes, authorities on this subject maintain that milk is less sensitive to the electricity of the air than to the temperature that surrounds it more immediately. The fact that milk kept in enameled or tin vessels is less liable to turn sour in hot weather speaks well for this new theory.

QUENELLES OF FISH.—Take three pounds of white-fish or pickerel, and boil, cooking a trifle less than for serving as boiled fish. Divide the fish, picking out bones; rub the fish through a sieve; pound the fish in a mortar with quarter of a pound of butter, an equal quantity of bread crumbs; add a half teaspoonful of pepper, and one-third of a grated nutmeg, take three eggs, beat all well together, and mix with the fish; add a spoonful of cream and the juice of a lemon; spread flour on a board, and roll out the material, adding sufficient flour to thicken it; when smooth, divide the paste into pieces about 2½ inches long by 2 inches wide; roll these into cigar-like shapes, but not too pointed; fry in very hot butter until a light brown. This dish makes a handsome entree, and may be used with a centre of mushrooms or truffles.

LOSS OF SLEEP.—It is wonderful how much may be done to protract existence by the habitual restorative of sound sleep. Late hours, under mental strain are, of course, incompatible with this solacement. On this topic Dr. Richardson says it has been painful to him to trace the beginnings of pulmonary consumption to late hours, 'at unhealthy balls and evening parties,' by which rest is broken and encroachments made on the constitution. But he adds, 'If in middle age the habit of taking deficient and irregular sleep be still maintained, every source of depressions, every latent form of disease, is quickened and intensified. The sleepless exhaustion allies itself with all the other processes of exhaustion, or kills imperceptibly, by a rapid introduction of premature dissolution.' There, at once, is an explanation why many people die earlier than they ought to do. They violate the principle of taking a regular night's rest. If they sleep it is disturbed. They dream all sorts of nonsense.

WE SHOULD DIET MORE ON FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.—All trustworthy hygienists and medical authorities are unanimous in recommending fruits and vegetables as the best and most appropriate food for this season, and the eating of much meat, rich gravies, etc., as carefully to be abstained from. And yet there is not one person in ten who carefully and intelligently follows this advice. Many a person who is now nervous and shaky and out of sorts would have strength and elasticity of spirits and improved health if less meats and much more fruits were eaten. Depend on it, a large proportion of the physical ills of life come from too much eating. There is but little danger of not eating enough. The trouble with nine-tenths of ailing and chronically-complaining people is injudicious and intemperate eating. Leave off eating so much meat and greasy compounds and rich pastry, and try a simple diet for a time, and, our word for it, you will soon experience a great and marvelous change come over the spirit of your dreams.

—In estimating the speed of professional foot racers you must take them as they run.

SCENES AT PIKE'S PEAK.

Some curious natural phenomena are witnessed from the summit of Pike's Peak. Electric storms are so remarkable there that those who have witnessed them are eloquent as to their splendor. Little thunder accompanies them, but the whole mountain seems to be on fire, and the top one sheet of flame. Electricity comes out of every rock, and darts here and there with indescribable radiance. An observer says that it played around him continuously; shot down his back, glanced out at his feet, and so completely filled him that he became charged like a Leyden jar. He could not retain his foothold; he bounded and rebounded from the rocks after the manner of an india rubber ball; he felt as though a powerful battery were throbbing and thrilling through his frame, and, fearing consequences, he hurried into the signal station. The signal officers stationed at the Peak see some wonderful sights, and if they had as much imagination and rhetoric as they have patience and power of observation they could furnish some very vivid descriptions of what they witness. Several men of science who have watched electric storms from the top of the mountain, think the phenomena the grandest and most imposing, and that they can hardly be surpassed anywhere. The Peak commands a view of 100 miles radius, a wild mountainous region, containing many lakes, and the sources of four great rivers—the Platte, Arkansas, Rio Grande, and Colorado of California.

A GARMENT OF GLASS.

The San Francisco *Chronicle* says: 'In the large basement room of the residence of S. Isaacs, No. 1,434 Mission street, is now being woven the most wonderful fabric of which the voluminous history of unique feminine apparel furnished any account. It is the material, as flexible as the finest silk and as durable as Blue Jean Williams' favorite stuff for trousers, for a lady's dress, and it is being woven by an artist in glass work, Professor Theodore Greuier, out of innumerable colored strands of glass first spun by himself. Compared with the completed garment, the mythical glass slipper of the fabulous Cinderella will sink into vulgar insignificance. The spinning is all done, and occupied many weeks, and is of very fine finish. The weaving is all done on an old-fashioned hand loom, the warp being nineteen feet long and the woof four feet, so that the material will cut to splendid advantage. Only about ten inches a day can be woven. It is of that now extremely fashionable loose and careless admixture of colors known as the Oriental. When the dress is finished, it is to be worn by a young wax lady with a glass head, blown expressly for the occasion by the professor, and profusely ornamented with blonde glass curls. The dress is to be made with panier skirt, loop sleeves and square neck. It is to be beautified with box pleating, and bound in blue. When the dress and the wearer are fully constructed they will be put on exhibition. At the coronation of Queen Victoria she wore a dress the wool of which was spun glass, but the warp of silk. This was then thought to be the greatest feat which could ever be accomplished in the glass business.'

It is often said that the medical profession in the United States is overcrowded. Over eighty medical colleges send forth every year more than one thousand new graduates to be supported by suffering humanity. The number of doctors is increasing far beyond the increase of population. In 1810 there were in the whole country 600 medical students, or one to 12,000 people; whereas, in 1877, there were 9,640 students, or one to 4,700 inhabitants. No country has such an abundance of doctors, for in no country can the medical diploma or license be obtained so easily as in our republic. As a result of this we have one doctor to every 600 people; whereas our neighbor, Canada, has one doctor to 1,200 people; Great Britain, one to 1,672; France, one to 1,814; Belgium, one to 2,048; Austria, one to 2,500; Germany, one to 3,000; Italy, one to 3,500; Norway, one to 3,480; Russia, one to 50,000. The physicians of this country, under the double pressure of hard times and professional competition, have begun to think that the time has come to adopt measures of protection. One proposition, which will not be adopted, is to abolish colleges as private corporations, and put medical education under the control of the States; that is, to establish State colleges with salaried professors, who shall not depend upon the students for their income, and so will not be tempted to grant diplomas to the largest possible number of graduates.

In the north of Holland the farms are not over a foot above the level of the sea, and some are lower. The land is loose, spongy muck, and is very rich. It is subdivided into small parcels by canals. There are thousands of windmills which are used to pump water all the time. The dwellings are as neat as they possibly can be. They are built in small villages, clustered closely together. The roads are all paved, and not a particle of dust is ever seen. They may sure distance by the hour, saying that from place to place it is ten hours' walk, four hours by boat, or two hours by rail. The houses are built as nicely as any in our cities, about fifty feet square, with about eight feet between the joists upon the first floor; all above is used for storing hay. On the side are the stables for the cattle, and they are models of neatness. The floors are all paved with stone or brick. In these stables where the cattle are they make butter, cheese, do the washing, ironing and baking and the general household work. It is not an uncommon thing to see hundreds of cheeses there; they weigh about four pounds each. The bedding is always clean, and lasts a good while. When the cattle are put into the stable they are put there for the season, and tied with a rope to the corner of the stall. The air there is always chilly, and the cows are blanketed in summer, and of course are warm in their stalls in winter, for fires are quite generally kept burning in two stoves through the coldest of the season. The calves do not need to be covered in the summer, because nature has provided a very thick coating of hair for them, and in winter they are sheared.

This is a dangerous season, and often the fondest mother's care is no protection against Coughs, Colds and Hoarseness. Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup should be kept in readiness. Price 25 cents.

"Could you tell me, sir, which is the other side of the street?" On being told that it was across the way, the tight one said, "That's what I said; but a fellow over there sent me over here."

GIVEN UP BY DOCTORS.—"Is it possible that M. Godfrey is up and at work, and cured by so simple a remedy?"

"I assure you it is true that he is entirely cured, and with nothing but Hop Bitters; and only ten days ago his doctors gave him up and said he must die!"

"Well-a-day! That is remarkable! I will go this day and get some for my poor George—I know hops are good.

GILES' LINIMENT IODIDE AMMONIA.

Cures all Pain in Man and Beast

TESTIMONIALS:

PROLAPSUS UTERI (falling of the Womb). A Wonderful Cure.—After years my wife suffered with this terrible complaint, she was attended by doctor after doctor, went to the different hospitals where females are treated; tried them all; wore bandages and pessaries with only temporary relief. Her life was miserable. We applied Dr. Giles' Liniment, after relief was immediate. She is now well.

H. SCHERMERHORN,
40 West 14th street, New York.

I had twelve strokes of Paralysis. My leg, arm and tongue were useless; was obliged to use a cane every day. Doctor Allison, Dr. Giles' Iodide of Ammonia has cured me. Will answer any inquiries so that all afflicted may know of it.

JOHN AFRAL, Sen'r, Stamford, Conn.

Chestnut Hill, Philadelphia, April 24, '76.
W. R. Giles, Esq., Dear Sir:—I used your Iodide of Ammonia Liniment on Flora Vaughn's ilied pastern joint, she had been quite lame; the effect was wonderful; she was now quite well. Very respectfully yours,

A. WELSH.

P. S.—I am now using it on Littleton's right fore leg.

A large shoe boil on a valuable young horse was removed by Giles' Liniment Iodide of Ammonia.

SHERIDAN KNAPP,
Carpets, 175 sixth ave., New York.

ASTHMA.—The tortures and agonies I endured for six years, none but those who have suffered with this terrible disease can know. My life was miserable. In desperation I tried Giles' Liniment Iodide of Ammonia. It gave me instant relief. Used it internally as well as externally.

THOS. BRANDON,
127 west 27th street, New York.

I was in a dreadful condition. Joints swollen, pain intense, injections of morphine into my veins failed to relieve me, Giles' Iodide of Ammonia took away the deposits from my joints. I want every one who suffers to know what will cure them.

FLORENCE LORIMER,
North Hyde Park, Lamoille co. Vt.

Another Sufferer cured.—Discharged from the Massachusetts General hospital as incurable, with infla mmatory rheumatism in my shoulders, fingers and feet; suffered horribly for many years, tried everything; lost all hope. Dr. Giles' Liniment Iodide of Ammonia effected a complete cure.

ELLEN SMITH,
No. 78 Frame Street, Fall River, Mass.

Spavins, splints, bruises, lameness in horses, Giles' Liniment Iodide of Ammonia is a perfect specific. No person who owns a horse should be without it.

M. ROBBINS,
850 seventh avenue, New York.

In my family, and for the stock, I have used Giles' Liniment Iodide of Ammonia. It is unsurpassed, and I am surprised at the many different maladies in which it is applicable. It gives the utmost satisfaction.

JOHN J. CARTER,
Superintendent Eastern Pennsylvania Experimental Farm.

50 c. and $1; and in Quarts at $2.50, in which there is a great saving.
Trial size 25 cents.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
N. J. HENDERSHOTT, Agt. for Bloomsburg.
may 31, '78-1

ANTI-FAT

ALLAN'S ANTI-FAT is the great remedy for Corpulency. It is purely vegetable and perfectly harmless. It acts on the food in the stomach, preventing its conversion into fat. Taken according to directions, it will reduce a fat person from 2 to 5 pounds a week.

In placing this remedy before the public as a positive cure for obesity, we do so knowing its ability to cure, as attested by hundreds of testimonials, of which the following from a lady in Columbus, Ohio, is a sample: "Gentlemen:—Your Anti-Fat was duly received. I took it according to directions and it reduced me five pounds. I was so elated over the result that I immediately sent to ACKERMAN'S drug-store for the second bottle." Another, a physician, writing for a patient from Providence, R. I., says, "Four bottles have reduced her weight from 190 pounds to 140 pounds, and there is a perceptible improvement in health." A gentleman writing from Boston, says: "Without special change or attention to diet, two bottles of Allan's Anti-Fat reduced me four and one-quarter pounds." The well-known Wholesale Druggists, SMITH, DOGLITTLE & SMITH, of Boston, Mass., write as follows: "Allan's Anti-Fat has reduced a lady in our city seven pounds in three weeks." A gentleman in St. Louis writes: "Allan's Anti-Fat reduced me twelve pounds in three weeks, and altogether I have lost twenty-five pounds since commencing its use." Messrs. POWELL & PLIMPTON, Wholesale Druggists, of Buffalo, N. Y., write: "TO THE PROPRIETORS OF ALLAN'S ANTI-FAT: Gentlemen.—The following report is from the lady who used Allan's Anti-Fat. 'It (the Anti-Fat) had the desired effect, reducing the fat from two to five pounds a week until I had lost twenty-five pounds. I hope never to regain what I have lost.' Anti-Fat is an unexcelled blood-purifier. It promotes digestion, curing dyspepsia, and is also a potent remedy for rheumatism. Sold by druggists. Pamphlet on Obesity sent on receipt of stamp.
BOTANIC MEDICINE CO., PROP'RS, Buffalo, N.Y.

WOMAN

By an immense practice at the World's Dispensary and Invalids' Hotel, having treated many thousand cases of those diseases peculiar to woman, I have been enabled to perfect a most potent and positive remedy for the cure of such diseases.

To designate this natural specific, I have named it

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription

The term, however, is but a feeble expression of my high appreciation of its value, based upon perfect knowledge of its virtues, as, while winning its curative results in the special diseases incident to the organism of woman, single it out as the climax or crowning glory of my medical career. On its merits, as a positive, safe, and effectual remedy for this class of diseases, and one that will, at all times and under all circumstances, act kindly, I am willing to stake my reputation as a physician; and so confident am I that it will not disappoint the most sanguine expectations of a single invalid lady who uses it for any of the diseases for which I recommend it, that I offer and sell it under A POSITIVE GUARANTEE. (For conditions, see pamphlet wrapping bottle.)

The following are some of those diseases in which my Favorite Prescription has worked cures, as if by magic, and with a certainty never before attained by any medicine: Leucorrhœa, Excessive Flowing, Painful Monthly Periods, Suppressions when from unnatural causes, Irregular, Painful, Weak Menstruation, or Falling of the Uterus, Anteversion and Retroversion, Bearing-down Sensations, Internal Heat, Nervous Depression, Sick Headache, Nervous Prostration, Hysteria, Chronic Congestion, Inflammation and Ulceration of Uterus, Prolapsus, Barrenness, or Sterility, and Female Weakness. I do not extol this medicine as a "cure-all," but it admirably fulfils a single class of purposes, being a most perfect specific in all chronic diseases of the sexual system of woman. It will not disappoint, nor will it do harm in any state or condition.

Those who desire further information on these subjects can obtain it in THE PEOPLE'S COMMON SENSE MEDICAL ADVISER, a book of over 900 pages, sent, post-paid, on receipt of $1.50. It treats minutely of those diseases peculiar to Females, and gives much valuable advice in regard to the management of those affections.

Favorite Prescription sold by Druggists.

R. V. PIERCE, M. D., Prop'r, World's Dispensary and Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y.
Aug. 20, '79

THOMAS B. HARTMAN. ALBERT HARTMAN.

THE RED FRONT,

MOYERS' BLOCK,

HARTMAN BROS.,

DEALERS IN

TEAS, CANNED FRUIT,
CIGARS,
TOBACCO
SNUFF,
CONFECTIONERY.

Spices of all kinds, Glass & Queensware

FINE GROCERIES,

Foreign and Domestic Fruits,

AND GENERAL LINE OF

Family Provisions

4th door below Market street, Bloomsburg, Pa.

☞ Goods delivered to all parts of the town April27, '77-tf

THIS PAPER may be found on file at Geo. P. Rowell & Co's Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce Street), where advertising contracts may be made for it IN NEW YORK.
Feb. 14, '77-tf

COURT PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, the HON. WILLIAM ELWELL President Judge of the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace and the Court of Common Pleas and Orphans' Court in the 26th Judicial District, composed of the counties of Columbia and Montour, and the Hons. I. R. Frickbaum and F. I. Shuman, Associate Judges of Columbia county, have issued their precept, bearing date the 18th day of Feb. in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine, and to me directed for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Court of Common Pleas and Orphans' Court, in Bloomsburg, in the county of Columbia, on the first Monday, being the 5th day of May next, to continue two weeks.

Notice is hereby given to the Coroner, to the Justices of the Peace, and the Constables of the said county of Columbia, that they be then and there in their proper person at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said 5th day of May with their records, inquisitions and other remembrances, to do those things which to their offices appertain to be done. And those that are bound by recognizance to prosecute against the prisoners that are or may be in the jail of the said county of Columbia, to be then and there to prosecute them as shall be just. Jurors are requested to be punctual in their attendance, agreeably to their notices. Dated at Bloomsburg the 18th day of Feb. in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine and in the one hundred and third year of the Independence of the United States of America.

Sheriff's Office, JOHN W. HOFFMAN,
Bloomsburg, April 4—te Sheriff.

Jurors for May Term, 1879.

GRAND JURORS.

Bloom—J W Eyer, J J Wh seller
Beaver—Jacob Hinterriter, W L Brodbender, Henry H Hinderliter
Benton—Silas P Barnes, A T Ikeler, Dyer Moss
Briarcreek—Charles Campbell
Catawissa—Peter R Baldy, Charles Hartman, Jacob S Hawk
Centre—Adam Sither, John S Romley
Fishingcreek—Andrew Parks, George Rarer
Franklin—Wm Stocker
Greenwood—John Loggott
Hemlock—Simon Rockhard
Madison—John M Johnson
Mt Pleasant—John F Fowler, John Bruner
Scott—John Harding, John Savage

TRAVERSE JURORS.

FIRST WEEK.

Bloom—Chas Krug, L S Whitesteen, R C Ent, John Peacock, C I Hutchison, Wm Morgan, Daniel Boice
Berwick—Wm B Hartman, James Walter, Wm J Snyder, Wm Morton, Lyman Fower, Samuel Shappell
Benton—Cornelius Smith, Sol H Davis
Briar Creek—Daniel Silver, Samuel Hartz, George Bower, James Sponenberg
Catawissa—George Strohler
Centre—Sol Hartman, Stephen McEwin
Fishingcreek—Elias Ash
Franklin—Isaac Titsworth, O D L Kostenbander
Greenwood—Benjamin Redline, Jackson Robbins, Wm Bogart, Jos Allerman
Hemlock—John W Moore, Richard Henry, George W Whitenight
Jackson—Frank Derr, Henry Harleman, jr
Madison—Frank Boat
Main—Wm Meeslinger, jr, J B Nuss
Montour—Wm P Moyer
Mt Pleasant—David Stroup, Robert Howell
Orange—Wm Mengeigle, M C Keller
Roaringcreek—David Long
Scott—Henry Gidding, Sam Boon, John Shollsberger
Sugarloaf—B F Peterman, John Diltz

SECOND WEEK.

Bloom—J H Mohn, A K Phillips, J W Crawford, Jonathan Hartman, Philip Layhoch, D W Robbins, J J Hagenbuch
Beaver—Jacob Baker, John Longenberger
Benton—S J Davis
Catawissa—C F Harder, G W Clark, Lloyd Miller, Nathan Herring, Joseph Waller, Reuben Miller
Fishingcreek—Nathan Smith, John Sutton, Josiah Hess
Franklin—Moses Hower
Greenwood—Burton Quick, Ira Robbins
Hemlock—Wm P Leidy, James A Harris
Jackson—J C Christian
Madison—George Wagoner, Amos Johnson, Isaac Metzgar
Main—Elias Shuman
Mifflin—Jacob Grover
Montour—R S Boody
Mt Pleasant—Stephen Crawford
Orange—Emanuel Snyder
Roaringcreek—Wm Yeager
Sugarloaf—John G Brink, Samuel Roberts

ADMINISTRATORS' SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE!

R. S. Stanington, Administrator of Martha Thurston, deceased, late of the township of Liberty in the county of Montour, will expose to public sale the following described real estate on the premises on

SATURDAY, APRIL 26TH, 1879,

at ten o'clock a. m.,

A HOUSE AND LOT,

situate in the Town of Bloomsburg, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: Northwardly by Main street of said town eastwardly by lot of I. Williams, southwardly by Pine Alley and westwardly by lot of D. Brobst, it being the southwest half of lot No. 19 and fronting on Main street twenty-four feet nine inches and extending in depth two hundred and fourteen and a half feet, on which are erected a two-story

Frame Dwelling House,

There are fruit trees on the premises; also a half interest in a well of water.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent. of one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking do wn of the property, the one-fourth less the ten per cent. at confirmation of sale, and the remaining three-fourths in one year thereafter with interest from confirmation nisi.

April 4, '79-4s R. S. STANINGTON, Administrator.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE!

By virtue of an order issued out of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, John A. Funston, Administrator of Augustus Mason late of the Town of Bloomsburg, deceased will expose to public sale on the premises on

Saturday, April 26th, 1879,

at two o'clock p. m., the following described property, to-wit:

12 Lots of Ground

situate in the village of Eyers Grove, in the County of Columbia, bounded as follows: On the south by Centre street, on the west by West Alley, on the north by Pine Alley and on the east by Church Alley, being lots Nos. 33, 34, 35, 36, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68 in a plot or draft of said village.

ALSO, FOUR OTHER LOTS OF GROUND, situate in said village bounded as follows: On the north by Centre street, on the east by Church Alley, on the south by Mill Alley, and on the west by West Alley, said lots being Nos. 21, 22, 23 and 24 in the aforementioned plot. Also,

Will be exposed to public sale at the COURT HOUSE in Bloomsburg at ten o'clock a. m., on

SATURDAY, APRIL 26th, 1879,

the following described property, to-wit:

All that undivided one-half part of six acres of land situate in the Township Bloomsburg aforesaid, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a stone in centre of road from Bloom Furnace to the Ferry at the Susquehanna river, running thence eastwardly by land lately sold to McKelvy & Neal, thirty-seven and eight-tenths perches; thence southwardly twenty-five and five-tenths perches to centre of road opened or to be opened upon land of Joseph W. Hendershot; thence westwardly by centre of said road thirty-seven and eight tenths perches to centre of the Ferry road aforesaid, and thence northwardly along said road twenty-five and five-tenths perches to place of beginning, it being PART of the FARM of said Hendershot.

The above last described real estate will be sold subject to balance of purchase money due on same to Joseph W. Hendershot upon articles of agreement for sale of said land to Augustus Mason, deceased.

TERMS OF SALE.—One-third of purchase money down at time of sale—balance in one year from confirmation nisi of sale with interest.

JOHN A. FUNSTON,
April 4, '79-4s Administrator.

TRUTHS.

HOP BITTERS.

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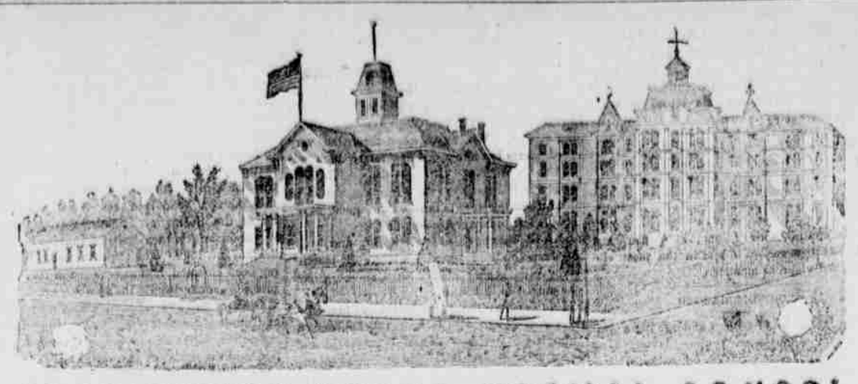

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